### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549 Form 10-Q

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(Mark One	9)				
$\boxtimes$	QUARTERLY REPORT PUR	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15	(d) OF THE SECURITIES	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	F	For the quarterly period ended or	August 2, 2024		
	TRANSITION REPORT PUR	RSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(	(d) OF THE SECURITIES	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
	Fo	or the transition period from	to		
		mmission File Number 001			
	• •	olications Intern	•	poration	
	(l Delaware	Exact name of registrant as specif		46-1932921	
(State or other	er jurisdiction of incorporation or org	ganization)		nployer Identification No.)	
12010 Sunse		•		20190	
(Ac	ddress of principal executive offices	(703) 676-4300		(Zip Code)	
		(Registrant's telephone number, inclu	uding area code)		
	Securitie	es registered pursuant to Se	ction 12(b) of the Act	:	
	<u>le of each class</u> , par value \$.0001 per shar	<u>Trading Symbol(s</u> e SAIC		<u>f each exchange on which regis</u> ne Nasdaq Stock Market LLC	
Act of 1934 during th		for such shorter period that the		3 or 15(d) of the Securities Executed to file such reports), and (2)	
Rule 405 of Regulati				required to be submitted pursion required to be submitted pursion required that the registrant	
company or an emer		the definitions of "large acceler		ccelerated filer, a smaller repo d filer," "smaller reporting comp	
Large acceler	ated filer 🗵 Accelera	ated filer   Non-acce	elerated filer	Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
		ck mark if the registrant has elendered by the conditions and the second conditions are the conditions are t		tended transition period for corhange Act. $\square$	mplying
Indicate by check ma	ark whether the registrant is	a shell company (as defined in	n Rule 12b-2 of the Exc	change Act). Yes ⊔ No ⊠	
•	•	a shell company (as defined in itstanding of the registrant's co		,	
nerging growth co  Large acceler  n emerging growth	ompany" in Rule 12b-2 of the ated filer ⊠ Accelera th company, indicate by chec	Exchange Act.  ated filer □ Non-acce  ck mark if the registrant has ele	elerated filer   ected not to use the exection 13(a) of the Exc	Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company tended transition period for con hange Act. □	

### SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION FORM 10-Q

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### PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### Item 1. Financial Statements

### SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended					Six Months Ended			
		August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023		August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023	
			(in ı	millions, except	per s	share amounts)			
Revenues	\$	1,818	\$	1,784	\$	3,665	\$	3,812	
Cost of revenues		1,608		1,568		3,242		3,361	
Selling, general and administrative expenses		77		88		162		172	
(Gain) loss on divestitures, net of transaction costs		_		(234)		_		(240)	
Other operating (income) expense		(1)		_		(4)			
Operating income		134		362		265		519	
Interest expense, net		31		29		65		61	
Other (income) expense, net		3		(2)		5		_	
Income before income taxes		100		335		195		458	
Provision for income taxes		(19)		(88)		(37)		(113)	
Net income	\$	81	\$	247	\$	158	\$	345	
Earnings per share:									
Basic	\$	1.59	\$	4.60	\$	3.08	\$	6.40	
Diluted	\$	1.58	\$	4.56	\$	3.06	\$	6.35	

### SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended		
	August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023		August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023
			(in m	illions)			
Net income	\$ 81	\$	247	\$	158	\$	345
Other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax:							
Net unrealized (loss) gain on derivative instruments	(8)		7		(5)		1
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(8)		7		(5)		1
Comprehensive income	\$ 73	\$	254	\$	153	\$	346

### SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

		August 2, 2024		February 2 2024
		(in m	illions	)
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	48	\$	94
Receivables, net		946		914
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		109		123
Total current assets		1,103		1,131
Goodwill		2,851		2,851
Intangible assets, net		836		894
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$193 million and \$184 million at August 2, 2024 and February 2, 2024, respectively)		95		91
Operating lease right of use assets		168		152
Other assets		197		195
Total assets	\$	5,250	\$	5,314
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	639	\$	567
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		338		370
Other accrued liabilities		118		144
Debt, current portion		197		77
Total current liabilities		1,292		1,158
Debt, net of current portion		1,970		2,022
Operating lease liabilities		158		147
Deferred income taxes		19		28
Other long-term liabilities		186		174
Commitments and contingencies (Note 12)				
Equity:				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 1 billion shares authorized, 50 million and 52 million shares issue and outstanding as of August 2, 2024 and February 2, 2024, respectively	d	_		_
Additional paid-in capital		63		337
Retained earnings		1,551		1,432
Accumulated other comprehensive income		11		16
Total stockholders' equity		1,625		1,785
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	5,250	\$	5,314

### SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

	(0117)	 1120)						
	Shares of common stock	Additional paid-in capital	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		Non- controlling interest		Total
			,	lions)	_		_	
Balance at May 3, 2024	51	\$ 251	\$ •	\$ 19	\$	_	\$	1,759
Net income	_	_	81	_		_		81
Issuances of stock	_	5	_	<del></del>		_		5
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	(8)		_		(8)
Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share	_	_	(19)	_		_		(19)
Stock-based compensation, net of shares withheld for taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	_	11		_		_		11
Repurchases of stock	(1)	(204)	_	_		_		(204)
Balance at August 2, 2024	50	\$ 63	\$ 1,551	\$ 11	\$	_	\$	1,625
Balance at February 2, 2024	52	\$ 337	\$ 1,432	\$ 16	\$	_	\$	1,785
Net income	_	_	158	_		_		158
Issuances of stock	_	9	_	<del>-</del>		_		9
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	_	_	_	(5)		_		(5)
Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share	_	_	(39)	_		_		(39)
Stock-based compensation, net of shares withheld for taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	_	2	_	_		_		2
Repurchases of stock	(2)	(285)	_	_		_		(285)
Balance at August 2, 2024	50	\$ 63	\$ 1,551	\$ 11	\$	_	\$	1,625
Balance at May 5, 2023	54	\$ 563	\$ 1,113	\$ 16	\$	_	\$	1,692
Net income	_	_	247	_		_		247
Issuances of stock	_	5	_	_		_		5
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	7		_		7
Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share	_	_	(20)	_		_		(20)
Stock-based compensation, net of shares withheld for taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	_	14	_	_		_		14
Repurchases of stock	(1)	(102)	_	_		_		(102)
Balance at August 4, 2023	53	\$ 480	\$ 1,340	\$ 23	\$	_	\$	1,843
Balance at February 3, 2023	54	\$ 637	\$ 1,035	\$ 22	\$	10	\$	1,704
Net income	_	_	345	_		_		345
Issuances of stock	1	9	_	_		_		9
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	_	_	_	1		_		1
Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share	_	_	(40)	_		_		(40)
Stock-based compensation, net of shares withheld for taxes <sup>(1)</sup>	_	7		_		_		7
Repurchases of stock	(2)	(173)	_	_		_		(173)
Deconsolidation of non-controlling interest	_	_	_	_		(10)		(10)
Balance at August 4, 2023	53	\$ 480	\$ 1,340	\$ 23	\$		\$	1,843

<sup>(1)</sup> During the three months ended August 2, 2024 and August 4, 2023, shares withheld for taxes related to stock-based compensation arrangements amounted to \$1 million. During the six months ended August 2, 2024 and August 4, 2023, shares withheld for taxes related to stock-based compensation arrangements amounted to \$23 million and \$20 million, respectively.

### SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Six Mont	hs Ended
	August 2, 2024	August 202
	(in mi	illions)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 158	\$ 34
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	69	7:
Deferred income taxes	(8)	(2
Stock-based compensation expense	25	2
(Gain) loss on sale of long-lived assets	_	(;
(Gain) loss on divestitures	_	(247
Other	(3)	_
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effect of divestitures:		
Receivables	(32)	(90
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	14	(
Other assets	(1)	(3
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	41	52
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	(32)	9
Income taxes payable	(2)	74
Operating lease assets and liabilities, net	(5)	(2
Other long-term liabilities	12	1
Net cash provided by operating activities	236	23
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment	(12)	(12
Purchases of marketable securities	(8)	(!
Sales of marketable securities	6	4
Proceeds from sale of long-lived assets	_	;
Proceeds from divestitures	_	35
Cash divested upon deconsolidation of joint venture	_	3)
Other	(2)	(;
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(16)	334
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Dividend payments to stockholders	(39)	(4
Principal payments on borrowings	(606)	(260
Issuances of stock	9	
Stock repurchased and retired or withheld for taxes on equity awards	(304)	(190
Proceeds from borrowings	673	160
Net cash used in financing activities	(267)	(323
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(47)	24:
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	103	118
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 56	\$ 36

### Note 1—Business Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### Overview

Science Applications International Corporation (collectively, with its consolidated subsidiaries, the "Company") is a leading provider of technical, engineering and enterprise information technology ("IT") services primarily to the U.S. government. The Company integrates emerging technology securely and in real-time into mission critical operations that modernize and enable national imperatives. The Company provides these services for large, complex projects with a targeted emphasis on higher-end, differentiated technology services and solutions that accelerate and transform secure and resilient digital environments through system development, modernization, integration, and sustainment to drive enterprise and mission outcomes.

Effective February 3, 2024, the first day of fiscal 2025, the Company completed a business reorganization which replaced its previous two customer facing operating sectors with five customer facing business groups supported by the enterprise organizations, including the Innovation Factory. The Company's five business groups, which are also its operating segments, are aggregated into two reportable segments for financial reporting purposes given the similarity in economic and qualitative characteristics, and based on the nature of the customers they serve. The Company's two reportable segments are the Defense and Intelligence segment and the Civilian segment.

The Defense and Intelligence segment provides a diverse portfolio of national security solutions to the defense and intelligence departments and agencies of the United States Government.

The Civilian segment provides solutions to the civilian markets, encompassing federal, state, and local governments, in order to deliver services for citizen well-being and protecting lives. This includes integrating solutions into a spectrum of public service missions that impact travel, trade, health and the economy.

The offerings of both reportable segments entail the integration of emerging technologies into mission critical operations that modernize and enable national imperatives, including IT modernization, digital engineering, artificial intelligence ("Al"), mission systems support and advisory, training and simulation, and ground vehicles support. These services include end-to-end solutions spanning the design, development, integration, deployment, management and operations, sustainment and security of the customers' entire IT infrastructure.

The Company's Innovation Factory supports the operating segments by developing enterprise-class solutions which are delivered to the Company's customers as stand-alone solutions or integrated with and aligned to product offerings through the operations of the business to meet complex customer needs and accelerate digital transformation. The Innovation Factory includes designated teams focused on AI, application development, network services, platforms and cloud, and cybersecurity. It uses a highly automated, cloud-hosted tool set to rapidly build, test and deploy solutions and works with customers to enhance solutions going forward.

Costs associated with corporate functions that are not allocable to the reportable segments are presented as Corporate activities. See Note 11—Business Segments Information for additional information.

Within this report, the Company has recast historical financial information to reflect the new reportable segments. The recast historical information has no impact on the Company's previously reported condensed consolidated financial statements.

### **Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation**

References to "financial statements" refer to the condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company, which include the statements of income and comprehensive income, balance sheets, statements of equity and statements of cash flows. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). All intercompany transactions and account balances within the Company have been eliminated.

Certain amounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation. Interest income was reclassified from "Other (income) expense, net" to "Interest expense, net" on the condensed consolidated statements of income, gains on divestitures, net of transaction costs were reclassified from "Other operating (income) expense" to "(Gain) loss on divestitures, net of transaction costs" on the condensed consolidated statements of income, and "Accounts Payable" is now presented separately from "Other accrued liabilities" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The results reported in these financial statements are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year and should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 2, 2024.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements may include, but are not limited to, estimated profitability of long-term contracts, income taxes, fair value measurements, fair value of goodwill and other intangible assets, pension and defined benefit plan obligations, and contingencies. Estimates have been prepared by management on the basis of the most current and best available information at the time of estimation and actual results could differ from those estimates.

### **Reporting Periods**

The Company utilizes a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Friday closest to January 31, with fiscal quarters typically consisting of 13 weeks. Fiscal 2025 began on February 3, 2024 and ends on January 31, 2025, while fiscal 2024 began on February 4, 2023 and ended on February 2, 2024.

### **Operating Cycle**

The Company's operating cycle may be greater than one year and is measured by the average time intervening between the inception and the completion of contracts.

### Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

Derivative instruments are recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are reported in other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified to earnings in a manner that matches the timing of the earnings impact of the hedged transactions. Settlement amounts related to derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are presented within operating activities on the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows.

The Company's fixed interest rate swaps are considered over-the-counter derivatives, and their fair value is calculated using a standard pricing model for interest rate swaps with contractual terms for maturities, amortization and interest rates. Level 2, or market observable inputs (such as yield and credit curves), are used within the standard pricing models in order to determine fair value. The fair value is an estimate of the amount that the Company would pay or receive as of a measurement date if the agreements were transferred to a third party. See Note 8—Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges for further discussion on the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges.

### **Marketable Securities**

Investments in marketable securities consist of equity securities, which are recorded at fair value using observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets (Level 1). As of August 2, 2024 and February 2, 2024, the fair value of the Company's investments totaled \$36 million and \$32 million, respectively, and are included in "Other assets" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The Company's investments are primarily held in a custodial account, which includes investments to fund its deferred compensation plan liabilities.

### Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash to amounts reported on the condensed consolidated balance sheets for the periods presented:

	August 2, 2024	February 2, 2024
	(in millions)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 48 \$	94
Restricted cash included in prepaid expenses and other current assets	4	4
Restricted cash included in other assets	4	5
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 56 \$	103

### **Restructuring Costs**

The Company periodically initiates restructuring activities to support business strategies, realign resources, and enhance its operational efficiency. Restructuring costs may include severance and other employee related termination costs, costs associated with consolidating or closing facilities and consulting costs.

Restructuring costs for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024 were \$2 million and \$4 million, respectively, and were primarily related to activities associated with the reorganization of its business sectors into business groups and the optimization and consolidation of certain facilities. Restructuring costs for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023 were \$5 million and \$6 million, respectively, and were primarily associated with the optimization and consolidation of certain facilities. Restructuring costs are presented within "Selling, general and administrative expenses" on the condensed consolidated statements of income.

### **Accounting Standards Updates**

In December 2023, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures. The standard includes amendments that enhance annual income tax disclosures, primarily through standardization and disaggregation of rate reconciliation categories and income taxes paid by jurisdiction. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The amendments can be applied on a prospective or retrospective basis. The Company plans to adopt this standard in fiscal 2026 and is currently evaluating the impact of adoption of this standard on its financial statement disclosures.

In November 2023, the FASB issued ASU No. 2023-07, Segment Reporting (Topic 280): Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures, to improve reportable segment disclosure requirements, primarily through enhanced disclosures about significant segment expenses. Amongst other amendments, the standard requires annual and interim disclosures of significant segment expenses that are regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), and interim disclosures about a reportable segment's profit or loss and assets that are currently required annually. This standard does not change how an entity identifies its operating segments, aggregates those operating segments, or applies the quantitative thresholds to determine its reportable segments. The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods within fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2024. Early adoption is permitted. The Company plans to adopt the annual disclosure in fiscal 2025 and the interim disclosure in fiscal 2026 and is currently evaluating the impact of adoption of this standard on its financial statement disclosures.

### Note 2—Earnings Per Share, Share Repurchases and Dividends:

### Earnings Per Share ("EPS")

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income by the basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding. Diluted EPS is computed similarly to basic EPS, except the weighted-average number of shares outstanding is increased to include the dilutive effect of outstanding stock-based awards. The dilutive effect of outstanding stock-based awards is computed using the treasury stock method.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted EPS for the periods presented:

	Three Months	Ended	Six Months E	Ended		
	August 2, 2024	August 4, 2023	August 2, 2024	August 4, 2023		
		is)				
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	50.9	53.5	51.3	53.9		
Dilutive common share equivalents - stock options and other stock-based						
awards	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4		
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding	51.2	53.9	51.7	54.3		

Antidilutive stock awards excluded from the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute diluted EPS for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024 and August 4, 2023 were immaterial.

### Share Repurchases

The Company may repurchase shares in accordance with established repurchase plans. The Company retires its common stock upon repurchase with the excess over par value allocated to additional paid-in capital. The Company has not made any material purchases of common stock other than in connection with established share repurchase plans. In June 2022, the number of shares of the Company's common stock that may be repurchased under the Company's existing repurchase plan was increased by 8.0 million shares, bringing the total authorized shares to be repurchased under the plan to approximately 24.4 million shares. As of August 2, 2024, the Company has repurchased approximately 22.6 million shares of its common stock under the plan.

#### **Dividends**

The Company declared and paid a quarterly dividend of \$0.37 per share of its common stock during the three months ended August 2, 2024.

#### Note 3—Revenues:

### Changes in Estimates on Contracts

Changes in estimates of revenues, cost of revenues or profits related to performance obligations satisfied over time are recognized in operating income in the period in which such changes are made for the inception-to-date effect of the changes. Changes in these estimates can occur routinely over the performance period for a variety of reasons, which include: changes in scope; changes in cost estimates due to unanticipated cost growth or reassessments of risks impacting costs; changes in the estimated transaction price, such as variable amounts for incentive or award fees; and performance being better or worse than previously estimated.

A significant portion of the Company's contracts recognize revenue on performance obligations using a cost input measure (cost-to-cost), which requires estimates of total costs at completion. In cases when total expected costs exceed total estimated revenues for a performance obligation, the Company recognizes the total estimated loss in the quarter identified. Total estimated losses are inclusive of any unexercised options that are probable of award, only if they increase the amount of the loss.

Aggregate net changes in estimates on contracts accounted for using the cost-to-cost method of accounting were recognized in operating income as follows:

	Three Months	s Ended	Six Months Ended		
	August 2, 2024	August 4, 2023	August 2, 2024	August 4, 2023	
	(ir				
Net (unfavorable) favorable adjustments	\$ (1) \$	(1)	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 4	
Net (unfavorable) favorable adjustments, after tax	(1)	(1)	_	3	
Diluted EPS impact	\$ (0.02) \$	(0.02)	\$ —	\$ 0.06	

Revenues were \$1 million higher for the six months ended August 2, 2024 and \$1 million lower and \$4 million higher for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively, due to net revenue recognized from performance obligations satisfied in prior periods.

### Disaggregation of Revenues

The Company's revenues are generated primarily from long-term contracts with the U.S. government including subcontracts with other contractors engaged in work for the U.S. government. The Company disaggregates revenues by customer, contract type and prime versus subcontractor to the federal government for each of its reportable segments.

Disaggregated revenues by customer were as follows:

	Three Months Ended							
	Augı	ıst 2, 2024		Aug	August 4, 2023			
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total		
	(in millions)							
Department of Defense	\$ 950 \$	— \$	950	\$ 917 \$	2 \$	919		
Intelligence and other federal government agencies	455	369	824	469	359	828		
Commercial, state and local governments and international	10	34	44	3	34	37		
Total	\$ 1.415 \$	403 \$	1.818	1.389 \$	395 \$	1.784		

	Six Months Ended								
	 Augi	ust 2, 2024			Aug	ust 4, 2023			
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total		Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total		
	(in millions)								
Department of Defense	\$ 1,924 \$	2 \$	1,926	\$	1,986 \$	4 \$	1,990		
Intelligence and other federal government agencies	913	745	1,658		993	755	1,748		
Commercial, state and local governments and international	14	67	81		7	67	74		
Total	\$ 2,851 \$	814 \$	3,665	\$	2,986 \$	826 \$	3,812		

Disaggregated revenues by contract type were as follows:

	Three Months Ended								
	 Aug	ust 2, 2024		August 4, 2023					
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total			
			(in millio	ons)					
Cost reimbursement	\$ 1,085 \$	20 \$	1,105	1,092 \$	13 \$	1,105			
Time and materials ("T&M")	162	264	426	115	243	358			
Firm-fixed price ("FFP")	168	119	287	182	139	321			
Total	\$ 1,415 \$	403 \$	1,818	1,389 \$	395 \$	1,784			

	Six Months Ended								
	 Aug	ust 2, 2024		Au	August 4, 2023				
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total			
	(in millions)								
Cost reimbursement	\$ 2,219 \$	41 \$	2,260	\$ 2,183 \$	34 \$	2,217			
Time and materials ("T&M")	311	532	843	229	496	725			
Firm-fixed price ("FFP")	321	241	562	574	296	870			
Total	\$ 2,851 \$	814 \$	3,665	\$ 2,986 \$	826 \$	3,812			

Disaggregated revenues by prime versus subcontractor were as follows:

	Three Months Ended								
	Aug	ust 2, 2024		Αι	August 4, 2023				
	 Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total			
			(in mi	lions)					
Prime contractor to federal government	\$ 1,283 \$	335 \$	1,618	\$ 1,261 \$	330 \$	1,591			
Subcontractor to federal government	122	34	156	125	31	156			
Other	10	34	44	3	34	37			
Total	\$ 1,415 \$	403 \$	1,818	\$ 1,389 \$	395 \$	1,784			

	Six Months Ended								
	 Aug	ust 2, 2024			Aug	ust 4, 2023			
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Civilian Total		Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total		
	(in millions)				ns)				
Prime contractor to federal government	\$ 2,592 \$	677 \$	3,269	\$	2,750 \$	696 \$	3,446		
Subcontractor to federal government	245	70	315		229	63	292		
Other	14	67	81		7	67	74		
Total	\$ 2,851 \$	814 \$	3,665	\$	2,986 \$	826 \$	3,812		

#### Contract Balances

Contract balances for the periods presented were as follows:

	Balance Sheet line item	August 2, 2024	February 2, 2024
		(in millio	ns)
Billed and billable receivables, net(1)	Receivables, net	\$ 574 \$	555
Contract assets - unbillable receivables	Receivables, net	372	359
Contract assets - contract retentions	Other assets	15	14
Contract liabilities - current	Other accrued liabilities	23	53
Contract liabilities - non-current	Other long-term liabilities	\$ 1 \$	2

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of allowance of \$3 million as of August 2, 2024 and February 2, 2024.

During the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, the Company recognized revenues of \$10 million and \$30 million, respectively, relating to amounts that were included in the opening balance of contract liabilities as of February 2, 2024. During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company recognized revenues of \$12 million and \$33 million, respectively, relating to amounts that were included in the opening balance of contract liabilities as of February 3, 2023.

### **Remaining Performance Obligations**

Remaining performance obligations ("RPO") represent the transaction price of exercised contracts (both funded and unfunded) less inception to date revenue recognized. RPO does not include unexercised option periods and future task orders expected to be awarded under IDIQ contracts. As of August 2, 2024, the Company had approximately \$5.4 billion of RPO. The Company expects to recognize revenue on approximately 79% of the RPO over the next 12 months and approximately 90% over the next 24 months, with the remaining recognized thereafter.

#### Note 4—Divestitures:

#### FSA Amendment

On February 4, 2023, the Company sold 0.1% of its 50.1% majority ownership interest in Forfeiture Support Associates J.V. ("FSA") to its sole joint venture partner for a nominal amount. In conjunction with the sale, the Company remeasured its retained investment in FSA to a fair value of \$14 million. As a result of the sale and amendment to the joint venture operating agreement of FSA, the Company no longer controls the joint venture and will account for its retained interest as an equity method investment as of the date of the transaction.

The equity method investment is included within "Other assets" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The remeasurement resulted in a gain of \$7 million which is included within "(Gain) loss on divestitures, net of transaction costs" on the condensed consolidated statements of income and is reflected within "(Gain) loss on divestitures" on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the six months ended August 4, 2023. The Company estimated the fair value of its retained investment in FSA based on Level 3 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. The Company used the income approach which involves the use of estimates and assumptions, including revenue growth rates, projected operating margins, discount rates and terminal growth rates.

### Sale of Logistics and Supply Chain Management Business

On May 6, 2023, the Company closed the sale of its logistics and supply chain management business ("Supply Chain Business") to ASRC Federal Holding Company, LLC ("ASRC Federal") for \$356 million in cash, including \$355 million received at closing and a preliminary post-closing adjustment for working capital. The Company recognized the cash as "Proceeds from divestitures" on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The sale enables the Company to focus its resources on long-term strategic growth areas. During the second quarter of fiscal 2024, the Company recorded a preliminary pre-tax gain of \$233 million, net of \$7 million of transaction costs, which is included within "(Gain) loss on divestitures, net of transaction costs" on the condensed consolidated statements of income.

The disposition did not represent a strategic shift in operations that would have a material effect on the Company's operations and financial results, and accordingly has not been presented as discontinued operations.

The major classes of assets and liabilities divested were as follows:

	(ir	n millions)
Assets:		
Receivables, net	\$	46
Inventories, net		72
Prepaid expenses		1
Goodwill		60
Operating lease right of use assets		2
Total assets divested	\$	181
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	62
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		1
Other accrued liabilities		1
Operating lease liabilities		1
Total liabilities divested	\$	65

In connection with the sale, the Company and ASRC Federal entered into certain transition services agreements pursuant to which the Company provided certain services to ASRC Federal through the first quarter of fiscal 2025 on a cost reimbursable basis. The transition services included certain IT, finance and other services necessary to support the transition of the sale.

### Note 5—Goodwill and Intangible Assets:

#### Goodwill

The following table presents the carrying value of goodwill by reportable segment:

	August 2, 2024		February 2, 2024
	(in m		
Defense and Intelligence	\$ 2,001	\$	2,001
Civilian	850		850
Total	\$ 2,851	\$	2,851

Goodwill is not amortized, but rather tested for potential impairment annually or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. The goodwill impairment test is performed at

the reporting unit level. As a result of the internal reorganization on February 3, 2024, the Company reallocated its goodwill to its five new goodwill reporting units.

The Company performed a goodwill impairment test immediately before and after the reorganization, both of which resulted in no impairment. For the goodwill impairment test immediately after the reorganization, the Company performed a quantitative assessment of its goodwill as of February 3, 2024 for its five new goodwill reporting units. The Company estimated the fair value of each reporting unit using a 50:50 weighting of fair values derived from an income approach and market approach.

Under the income approach, the Company estimated the fair value of its reporting units using a multi-year discounted cash flow model involving assumptions about projected future revenue growth, operating margins, income tax rates, capital expenditures, discount rate, and terminal value. Under the market approach, the Company estimated the fair value of its reporting units based on multiples of earnings derived from observable market data of comparable public companies.

### Intangible Assets

Intangible assets, all of which were finite-lived, consisted of the following:

	August 2, 2024						February 2, 2024					
	 Gross carrying value			Gross carrying value Accur				Net carrying value				
					(in mi	illion	s)					
Customer relationships	\$ 1,462	\$	(632)	\$	830	\$	1,462 \$		(574)	\$	888	
Developed technology	10		(4)		6		10		(4)		6	
Trade name	1		(1)		_		1		(1)			
Total intangible assets	\$ 1,473	\$	(637)	\$	836	\$	1,473 \$		(579)	\$	894	

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$29 million and \$58 million for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024 and August 4, 2023, respectively. There were no intangible asset impairment losses during the periods presented.

As of August 2, 2024, the estimated future annual amortization expense related to intangible assets is as follows:

Fiscal Year	(in millions)
Remainder of 2025	\$ 57
2026	115
2027	115
2028	98
2029	97
Thereafter	354
Total	\$ 836

Actual amortization expense in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of future acquisitions, divestitures, impairments, and other factors.

#### Note 6—Income Taxes:

The Company's effective income tax rate was 19.6% and 19.3% for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, respectively, and 26.4% and 24.7% for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively. The Company's effective tax rate primarily differs from the statutory tax rate due to the deduction for foreign derived intangible income, research and development tax credits, and stock-based compensation windfalls.

The Company's effective tax rate for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased compared to the same periods in the prior year due to the non-recurrence of a gain from the disposition of the Supply Chain Business and the associated non-deductible goodwill.

#### Note 7—Debt Obligations:

The Company's debt as of the dates presented was as follows:

			Au	gust 2, 202	24					Feb	oruary 2, 2024	
	Stated interest rate	Effective interest rate		Principal		Unamortized debt issuance costs	Net		Principal		Unamortized debt issuance costs	Net
							(dollars in	milli	millions)			
Term Loan A Facility due June 2027	6.69 %	6.81 %	\$	1,168	\$	(3)	\$ 1,165	\$	1,199	\$	(4)	\$ 1,195
Term Loan B Facility due October 2025	<b>-</b> %	<b>-</b> %		_		_	_		328		(1)	327
Term Loan B2 Facility due March 2027	<b>-</b> %	<b>-</b> %		_		_	_		182		(2)	180
Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031	7.22 %	7.38 %		509		(4)	505		_		_	_
Senior Notes due April 2028	4.88 %	5.11 %		400		(3)	397		400		(3)	397
Revolving Credit Facility due June 2027	6.69 %	6.69 %		100		_	100		_		_	_
Total debt			\$	2,177	\$	(10)	\$ 2,167	\$	2,109	\$	(10)	\$ 2,099
Less current portion				197		_	197		77		_	77
Total debt, net of current portion			\$	1,980	\$	(10)	\$ 1,970	\$	2,032	\$	(10)	\$ 2,022

As of August 2, 2024, the Company had a \$2.7 billion secured credit facility (the Credit Facility) consisting of a Term Loan A Facility due June 2027, a Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031 (together, the "Term Loan Facilities"), and a \$1.0 billion Revolving Credit Facility due June 2027 (the "Revolving Credit Facility").

On February 8, 2024, the Company executed the Sixth Amendment to the Third Amended and Restated Credit Agreement ("Sixth Amendment"), which established a \$510 million senior secured term loan credit facility ("Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031"). The entire Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031 was immediately borrowed by the Company and the proceeds were used to pay in full the outstanding principal balances under the Term Loan B Facility due October 2025 and Term Loan B2 Facility due March 2027. The Tranche B3 Facility is subject to the same covenants and events of default as the Company's existing Term Loan Facilities.

Borrowings under the Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031 amortize quarterly beginning on July 31, 2024 at 0.25% of the original borrowed amount with the remaining unamortized balance due in full upon its maturity on February 8, 2031. Borrowings will bear interest based on the Term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("Term SOFR") or a base rate, plus an applicable margin of 1.875% for Term SOFR loans and 0.875% for base rate loans. In the event any portion of the Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031 is repaid prior to August 8, 2024 as a result of a repricing event, the Company will be required to repay a 1.00% fee of the amount repaid. After this initial six month period, the Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031 may be prepaid at any time without penalty and is subject to the same mandatory prepayments, including from excess cash flow, as the Company's existing term loans under the Credit Facility.

During the six months ended August 2, 2024, the Company incurred \$5 million of debt issuance costs associated with the Sixth Amendment, of which \$3 million was recognized in interest expense and the remaining \$2 million deferred and amortized to interest expense through the maturity date of the facility utilizing the effective interest rate method.

During the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, the Company made scheduled principal payments of \$16 million and \$31 million, respectively, on the Term Loan A Facility due June 2027 and made a scheduled principal payment of \$1 million on the Term Loan B3 Facility due February 2031.

During the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, the Company borrowed \$380 million and \$570 million, respectively, and repaid \$280 million and \$470 million, respectively, under the Revolving Credit Facility. As of August 2, 2024, the outstanding principal under the Revolving Credit Facility was classified as current portion of debt on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

Subsequent to quarter end, the Company repaid \$50 million on the Revolving Credit Facility. Commitment fees for undrawn amounts under the Revolving Credit Facility range from 0.125% to 0.25% per annum based on the Company's leverage ratio.

As of August 2, 2024, the Company was in compliance with the covenants under its Credit Facility.

As of August 2, 2024 and February 2, 2024, the carrying value of the Company's outstanding debt obligations approximated its fair value. The fair value of debt is calculated using Level 2 inputs, based on interest rates available for debt with terms and maturities similar to the Company's Term Loan Facilities and Senior Notes.

Maturities of debt as of August 2, 2024 are:

Fiscal Year	Total
	(in millions)
Remainder of 2025	\$ 148
2026	113
2027	128
2028	896
2029	406
Thereafter	486
Total principal payments	\$ 2,177

### Note 8—Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:

The Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges consist of:

						Fair Value	of Asset <sup>(1)</sup> at			
		nal Amount ust 2, 2024	Pay Fixed Rate	Receive Variable Rate	Settlement and Termination	August 2, 2024	February 2, 2024			
	(in ı	millions)				(in m	nillions)			
Interest rate swaps	\$	685	2.96 %	1-month Term SOFR	Monthly through October 31, 2025	\$ 9	\$ 15			

<sup>(1)</sup> The fair value of the fixed interest rate swap asset is included in "Other assets" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

The Company is party to fixed interest rate swap instruments that are designated and accounted for as cash flow hedges to manage risks associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of the Company's floating rate debt within the Credit Facility. The counterparties to all swap agreements are financial institutions.

See Note 9—Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component for the unrealized change in fair values on cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) and the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into earnings for the current and comparative periods presented. The Company estimates that it will reclassify \$8 million of unrealized gains from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings in the twelve months following August 2, 2024.

### Note 9—Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component:

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the Company's fixed interest rate swap cash flow hedges that are discussed in Note 8—Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges and the Company's defined benefit plans.

Unrealized Gains   Unrealized Gains   Unrealized Rains   Unrealized	•			
Three months ended August 2, 2024		(Losses) on Fixed Interest Rate Swap Cash Flow	Obligation	Total
Balance at May 3, 2024         \$ 14 \$ 5 \$ 19           Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications         (6) — (6)           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (4) — (4)           Income tax impact         2 — (2)           Net other comprehensive loss         (8) — (8)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$ 6 \$ 5 \$ 11           Three months ended August 4, 2023           Balance at May 5, 2023         \$ 12 \$ 4 \$ 16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         15 — 15           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (6) — (6)           Income tax impact         (2) — 7         (2)           Net other comprehensive income         7 7 — 7         7           Balance at August 4, 2023         \$ 19 \$ 4 \$ 2           Six months ended August 2, 2024         \$ 11 \$ 5 \$ 16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2 — 2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8) — (8)           Income tax impact         1 — 1           Net other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2 — 2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8) — (8)           Income tax impact         1 — (5) <th></th> <th></th> <th>(in millions)</th> <th></th>			(in millions)	
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications         (6)         —         (6)           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income income tax impact         2         —         2           Net other comprehensive loss         (8)         —         (8)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$         6         \$         \$         11           Three months ended August 4, 2023           Balance at May 5, 2023         \$         12         \$         4         \$         16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         15         —         15           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (6)         —         (6)           Income tax impact         (2)         —         (2)           Net other comprehensive income         7         —         7           Balance at August 4, 2023         \$         11         \$         5         16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2         —         2         —         2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8)         —         (8)           Other comprehensive loss         (5)         —         (5) <t< td=""><td>Three months ended August 2, 2024</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Three months ended August 2, 2024			
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (4) — (4) Income tax impact 2 — 2 2 — 2 2 Net other comprehensive loss (8) — (8) Balance at August 2, 2024 \$ 12 \$ 4 \$ 16 2	Balance at May 3, 2024	\$ 14	\$ 5	\$ 19
Income tax impact   2	Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	(6)	_	(6)
Net other comprehensive loss   (8)	Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(4)	_	(4)
Three months ended August 4, 2023   S	Income tax impact		_	
Three months ended August 4, 2023   \$ 12 \$ 4 \$ 16	Net other comprehensive loss	(8)	_	(8)
Balance at May 5, 2023         \$ 12 \$ 4 \$ 16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         15 — 15           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (6) — (6)           Income tax impact         (2) — 7           Net other comprehensive income         7 — 7           Balance at August 4, 2023         \$ 19 \$ 4 \$ 23           Six months ended August 2, 2024         \$ 11 \$ 5 \$ 16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2 — 2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8) — (8)           Income tax impact         1 — 1           Net other comprehensive loss         (5) — (5)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$ 6 \$ 5 \$ 11           Six months ended August 4, 2023         \$ 18 \$ 4 \$ 22           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         13 — 13           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (12) — (12)           Income tax impact         — — — —           Net other comprehensive income before reclassifications         13 — 13           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (12) — (12)           Income tax impact         — — — —           Net other comprehensive income         1 — — 1	Balance at August 2, 2024	\$ 6	\$ 5	\$ 11
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         15         —         15           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (6)         —         (6)           Income tax impact         (2)         —         (2)           Net other comprehensive income         7         —         7           Balance at August 4, 2023         \$         19         \$         4         \$         23           Six months ended August 2, 2024           Balance at February 2, 2024         \$         11         \$         5         \$         16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2         —         2         —         2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8)         —         (8)           Income tax impact         1         —         1         1           Net other comprehensive loss         (5)         —         (5)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$         6         \$         5         11           Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023         \$         18         \$         4         \$         22           Other comprehensive income before reclassificatio	Three months ended August 4, 2023			
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (6)       —       (6)         Income tax impact       (2)       —       (2)         Net other comprehensive income       7       —       7         Balance at August 4, 2023       \$ 19       \$ 4       \$ 23         Six months ended August 2, 2024         Balance at February 2, 2024       \$ 11       \$ 5       \$ 16         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       2       —       2         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (8)       —       (8)         Income tax impact       1       —       1         Net other comprehensive loss       (5)       —       (5)         Balance at August 2, 2024       \$ 6       5       \$ 11         Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023       \$ 18       4       \$ 22         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       13       —       13         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (12)       —       —         Income tax impact       —       —       —       —         Net other comprehensive income       1       1       — </td <td>Balance at May 5, 2023</td> <td>\$ 12</td> <td>\$ 4</td> <td>\$ 16</td>	Balance at May 5, 2023	\$ 12	\$ 4	\$ 16
Income tax impact   (2)	Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	15	_	15
Net other comprehensive income         7         —         7           Balance at August 4, 2023         \$ 19 \$         4 \$         23           Six months ended August 2, 2024         \$ 11 \$         5 \$         16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2         —         2           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2         —         2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8)         —         (8)           Income tax impact         1         —         1           Net other comprehensive loss         (5)         —         (5)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$         6         \$         5         11           Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023         \$         18         \$         4         \$         22           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         13         —         13         —         13           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (12)         —         —         —           Income tax impact         —         —         —         —         —           Net other comprehensive income	Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(6)	_	(6)
Net other comprehensive income         7         —         7           Balance at August 4, 2023         \$ 19 \$         4 \$         23           Six months ended August 2, 2024         \$ 11 \$         5 \$         16           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2         —         2           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         2         —         2           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (8)         —         (8)           Income tax impact         1         —         1           Net other comprehensive loss         (5)         —         (5)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$         6         \$         5         11           Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023         \$         18         \$         4         \$         22           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         13         —         13         —         13           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (12)         —         —         —           Income tax impact         —         —         —         —         —           Net other comprehensive income	Income tax impact	(2)	_	(2)
Six months ended August 2, 2024         Balance at February 2, 2024       \$ 11 \$ 5 \$ 16         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       2 — 2         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (8) — (8)         Income tax impact       1 — 1         Net other comprehensive loss       (5) — (5)         Balance at August 2, 2024       \$ 6 \$ 5 \$ 11         Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023       \$ 18 \$ 4 \$ 22         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       13 — 13         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (12) — (12)         Income tax impact       — — —         Net other comprehensive income       1 — 1	Net other comprehensive income	7	<del>_</del>	7
Balance at February 2, 2024       \$ 11       \$ 5       16         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       2       —       2         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (8)       —       (8)         Income tax impact       1       —       1         Net other comprehensive loss       (5)       —       (5)         Balance at August 2, 2024       \$ 6       \$ 5       \$ 11         Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023       \$ 18       \$ 4       \$ 22         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       13       —       13         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (12)       —       (12)         Income tax impact       —       —       —         Net other comprehensive income       1       —       1	Balance at August 4, 2023	\$ 19	\$ 4	\$ 23
Balance at February 2, 2024       \$ 11       \$ 5       16         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       2       —       2         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (8)       —       (8)         Income tax impact       1       —       1         Net other comprehensive loss       (5)       —       (5)         Balance at August 2, 2024       \$ 6       \$ 5       \$ 11         Six months ended August 4, 2023         Balance at February 3, 2023       \$ 18       \$ 4       \$ 22         Other comprehensive income before reclassifications       13       —       13         Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income       (12)       —       (12)         Income tax impact       —       —       —         Net other comprehensive income       1       —       1				
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications  Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income  Income tax impact  Net other comprehensive loss  Balance at August 2, 2024  Six months ended August 4, 2023  Balance at February 3, 2023  Six months ended August 4, 2023  Balance at February 3, 2023  Six months ended August 4, 2023  Conter comprehensive income before reclassifications  Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income  Income tax impact  Net other comprehensive income  1 — 1  Net other comprehensive income  1 — 1	Six months ended August 2, 2024			
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income    Income tax impact   1	Balance at February 2, 2024	\$ 11	\$ 5	\$
Income tax impact         1         —         1           Net other comprehensive loss         (5)         —         (5)           Balance at August 2, 2024         \$         6         \$         5         11           Six months ended August 4, 2023           Balance at February 3, 2023         \$         18         \$         4         \$         22           Other comprehensive income before reclassifications         13         —         13           Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income         (12)         —         (12)           Income tax impact         —         —         —         —           Net other comprehensive income         1         —         1	Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	2	_	2
Net other comprehensive loss (5) — (5)  Balance at August 2, 2024 \$ 6 \$ 5 \$ 11   Six months ended August 4, 2023  Balance at February 3, 2023 \$ 18 \$ 4 \$ 22  Other comprehensive income before reclassifications 13 — 13  Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (12) — (12)  Income tax impact — — — — Net other comprehensive income 1 — 1	Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(8)	_	(8)
Six months ended August 4, 2023\$6\$5\$11Six months ended August 4, 2023Balance at February 3, 2023\$18\$4\$22Other comprehensive income before reclassifications13—13Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income(12)—(12)Income tax impact———Net other comprehensive income1—1	Income tax impact	1	_	1
Six months ended August 4, 2023  Balance at February 3, 2023 \$ 18 \$ 4 \$ 22  Other comprehensive income before reclassifications 13 — 13  Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (12) — (12)  Income tax impact — — — —  Net other comprehensive income 1 — 1	Net other comprehensive loss	(5)	_	(5)
Balance at February 3, 2023 \$ 18 \$ 4 \$ 22  Other comprehensive income before reclassifications 13 — 13  Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (12) — (12)  Income tax impact — — —  Net other comprehensive income 1 — 1	Balance at August 2, 2024	\$ 6	\$ 5	\$ 11
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications  Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (12) — (12) Income tax impact — — —  Net other comprehensive income 1 — 1	·			
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (12) — (12) Income tax impact — — — Net other comprehensive income 1 — 1	•	\$	\$ 4	\$
Income tax impact——Net other comprehensive income1—1	·			
Net other comprehensive income 1 — 1	·	(12)	_	(12)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>'</u>			<u> </u>
Balance at August 4, 2023 \$ 19 \$ 4 \$ 23	·			
	Balance at August 4, 2023	\$ 19	\$ 4	\$ 23

<sup>(1)</sup> The amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is included in "Interest expense, net."

#### Note 10—Sales of Receivables:

The Company has a Master Accounts Receivable Purchase Agreement ("MARPA Facility") with MUFG Bank, Ltd. (the "Purchaser") for the sale of up to a maximum amount of \$300 million of certain designated eligible receivables with the U.S. government.

During the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, the Company incurred purchase discount fees of \$4 million and \$7 million, respectively. During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company incurred purchase discount fees of \$2 million and \$5 million, respectively. The purchase discount fees are presented in "Other (income) expense, net" on the condensed consolidated statements of income and are reflected as cash flows from operating activities on the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

MARPA Facility activity consisted of the following:

	Six Mont	hs Ende	ed
	August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023
	(in m	illions)	
Beginning balance	\$ 205	\$	250
Sale of receivables	2,065		1,425
Cash collections	(2,095)		(1,425)
Outstanding balance sold to Purchaser <sup>(1)</sup>	175		250
Cash collected, not remitted to Purchaser <sup>(2)</sup>	(31)		(25)
Remaining sold receivables	\$ 144	\$	225

- (1) For the six months ended August 2, 2024, the Company recorded a net decrease of \$30 million to cash flows from operating activities from sold receivables. For the six months ended August 4, 2023, there was no net impact to cash flows from operating activities from sold receivables.
- (2) Primarily represents the cash collected on behalf of but not yet remitted to the Purchaser as of August 2, 2024 and August 4, 2023. This balance is included in "Accounts payable" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets.

### **Note 11—Business Segments Information:**

Effective February 3, 2024, the first day of fiscal 2025, the Company completed a business reorganization which replaced its previous two customer facing operating sectors with five customer facing business groups supported by the enterprise organizations, including the Innovation Factory. The five business groups represent the Company's operating segments and have been aggregated into two reportable segments (Defense and Intelligence, and Civilian) given the similarity in economic and qualitative characteristics, and based on the nature of the customers they serve. The Company defines its operating segments based on the way the CODM, currently the Company's CEO, manages the operations for the purpose of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Defense and Intelligence segment provides a diverse portfolio of national security solutions to the defense and intelligence departments and agencies of the United States Government.

The Civilian segment provides solutions to the civilian markets, encompassing federal, state, and local governments, in order to deliver services for citizen well-being and protecting lives. This includes integrating solutions into a spectrum of public service missions that impact travel, trade, health and the economy.

The offerings of both reportable segments entail the integration of emerging technologies into mission critical operations that modernize and enable national imperatives, including IT modernization, digital engineering, AI, mission systems support, training and simulation, and ground vehicles support. These services include end-to-end solutions spanning the design, development, integration, deployment, management and operations, sustainment and security of the customers' entire IT infrastructure.

Costs associated with corporate functions that are not allocable to the reportable segments are presented as Corporate.

The segment information for the periods presented was as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Mont	nded	
	 August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023		August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023
			(in m	illion	s)		
Revenues:							
Defense and Intelligence	\$ 1,415	\$	1,389	\$	2,851	\$	2,986
Civilian	403		395		814		826
Total revenues	\$ 1,818	\$	1,784	\$	3,665	\$	3,812
Operating income (loss):							
Defense and Intelligence	\$ 107	\$	106	\$	214	\$	230
Civilian	34		43		68		85
Corporate	(7)		213		(17)		204
Total operating income (loss)	\$ 134	\$	362	\$	265	\$	519

The income statement performance measures regularly provided to the CODM are "Revenues" and "Operating income." As a result, "Interest expense, net," "Other (income) expense, net" and "Provision for income taxes" as reported in the condensed consolidated statements of income are not allocated to the Company's segments.

Asset information by segment is not a key measure of performance used by the CODM.

### Note 12—Legal Proceedings and Other Commitments and Contingencies:

### **Legal Proceedings**

The Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal conduct of its business, none of which the Company's management believes, based on current information, is expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

In April 2022 and October 2023, the Company received Federal Grand Jury Subpoenas in connection with a criminal investigation being conducted by the U.S. Department of Justice, Antitrust Division ("DOJ"). As required by the subpoenas, the Company has provided the DOJ with a broad range of documents related to the investigation, and the Company's collection and production process remains ongoing. The Company is fully cooperating with the investigation. At this time, it is not possible to determine whether the Company will incur, or to reasonably estimate the amount of, any fines, penalties or further liabilities in connection with the investigation pursuant to which the subpoenas were issued.

### **AAV Termination for Convenience**

On August 27, 2018, the Company received a stop-work order from the United States Marine Corps on the Assault Amphibious Vehicle ("AAV") contract and on October 3, 2018 the program was terminated for convenience by the customer. The Company is continuing to negotiate with the Marine Corps to recover costs associated with the termination.

### Government Investigations, Audits and Reviews

The Company is routinely subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations with respect, in particular, to its role as a contractor to federal, state and local government customers and in connection with performing services in countries outside of the United States. U.S. government agencies, including the Defense Contract Audit Agency ("DCAA"), the Defense Contract Management Agency and others, routinely audit and review a contractor's performance on government contracts, indirect rates and pricing practices, and compliance with applicable contracting and procurement laws, regulations and standards. They also review the adequacy of the contractor's compliance with government standards for its business systems. Adverse findings in these investigations, audits, or reviews can lead to criminal, civil or administrative proceedings, and the Company could face disallowance of previously billed costs, penalties, fines, compensatory damages and suspension or debarment from doing business with governmental agencies. Due to the Company's reliance on government contracts, adverse findings could also have a material impact on the Company's business, including its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The indirect cost audits by the DCAA of the Company's business remain open for certain prior years and the current year. Although the Company has recorded contract revenues based on an estimate of costs that the Company believes will be approved on final audit, the Company does not know the outcome of any ongoing or future audits. If future completed audit adjustments exceed the Company's reserves for potential adjustments, the Company's profitability could be materially adversely affected.

As of August 2, 2024, the Company believes it has adequately reserved for estimated net amounts to be refunded to customers for potential adjustments for indirect cost audits and compliance with U.S. government Cost Accounting Standards.

### **Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds**

The Company has outstanding obligations relating to letters of credit of \$9 million as of August 2, 2024, principally related to guarantees on insurance policies. The Company also has outstanding obligations relating to surety bonds of \$19 million, principally related to performance and payment bonds on the Company's contracts.

#### **Note 13—Subsequent Events**

### Sale of Equity Method Investment

On August 30, 2024, Morpheus Data, one of the Company's unconsolidated venture investments, completed a transaction to sell all its outstanding equity to Hewlett Packard Enterprise (NYSE: HPE). The carrying value of the Company's investment was \$5 million as of August 2, 2024 and is recorded within "Other assets" on the condensed consolidated balance sheets. The transaction is not expected to result in a loss for the Company.

### **Quarterly Dividend Declared**

On August 29, 2024, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.37 per share of the Company's common stock payable on October 25, 2024 to stockholders of record on October 11, 2024.

### Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and the related notes. It contains forward-looking statements (which may be identified by words such as those described in "Risk Factors—Forward-Looking Statement Risks" in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K), including statements regarding our intent, belief, or current expectations with respect to, among other things, trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations (including our financial targets discussed below under "Management of Operating Performance and Reporting" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources"); backlog; our industry; government budgets and spending; market opportunities; the impact of competition; and the impact of acquisitions and divestitures. Such statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below, in "Risk Factors" in Part II of this report and in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K. Due to such risks, uncertainties and assumptions, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake any obligation to update these factors or to publicly announce the results of any changes to our forward-looking statements due to future results or developments.

We use the terms "SAIC," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" to refer to Science Applications International Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The Company utilizes a 52/53 week fiscal year, ending on the Friday closest to January 31, with fiscal quarters typically consisting of 13 weeks. Fiscal 2025 began on February 3, 2024 and ends on January 31, 2025, while fiscal 2024 began on February 4, 2023 and ended on February 2, 2024.

#### **Business Overview**

We are a leading technology integrator providing full life cycle services and solutions in the technical, engineering and enterprise information technology ("IT") markets. We developed our brand by addressing our customers' mission critical needs and solving their most complex problems for over 50 years. As one of the largest pure-play technology service providers to the U.S. government, we serve markets of significant scale and opportunity. Our primary customers are the departments and agencies of the U.S. government. We serve our customers through approximately 1,800 active contracts and task orders and employ approximately 24,000 individuals who are led by an experienced executive team of proven industry leaders. Our long history of serving the U.S. government has afforded us the ability to develop strong and longstanding relationships with some of the largest customers in the markets we serve. Substantially all of our revenues and tangible long-lived assets are generated and located in the United States.

Effective February 3, 2024, the first day of fiscal 2025, we completed a business reorganization which replaced our previous two operating sectors with five customer facing business groups supported by the enterprise organizations, including the Innovation Factory. The five business groups represent our operating segments and have been aggregated into two reportable segments (Defense and Intelligence, and Civilian) given the similarity in economic and qualitative characteristics, and based on the nature of the customers they serve.

The Defense and Intelligence segment provides a diverse portfolio of national security solutions to the defense and intelligence departments and agencies of the United States Government.

The Civilian segment provides solutions to the civilian markets, encompassing federal, state, and local governments, in order to deliver services for citizen well-being and protecting lives. This includes integrating solutions into a spectrum of public service missions that impact travel, trade, health and the economy.

The offerings of both reportable segments entail the integration of emerging technologies into mission critical operations that modernize and enable national imperatives, including IT modernization, digital engineering, artificial intelligence ("Al"), mission systems support and advisory, training and simulation, and ground vehicles support. These services include end-to-end solutions spanning the design, development, integration, deployment, management and operations, sustainment and security of the customers' entire IT infrastructure.

Our Innovation Factory supports the operating segments by developing superior enterprise-class solutions which are delivered to the our customers as stand-alone solutions or integrated with and aligned to product offerings through the operations of the business to meet complex customer needs and accelerate digital transformation. The Innovation Factory includes designated teams focused on AI, application development, network services, platforms and cloud, and cybersecurity. It uses a highly automated, cloud-hosted tool set to rapidly build, test and deploy solutions and works with customers to enhance solutions going forward.

Costs associated with corporate functions that are not allocable to the reportable segments are presented as Corporate. See Note 11—Business Segments Information to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained within this report for additional information.

### **Economic Opportunities, Challenges, and Risks**

During the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, we generated 98% of our revenues from contracts with the U.S. government, including subcontracts on which we perform. Our business performance is affected by the overall level of U.S. government spending and the alignment of our offerings and capabilities with the budget priorities of the U.S. government. In March 2024, the President signed appropriation measures that provide funding for GFY 2024 for all of the U.S. government and submitted the GFY 2025 budget request which adheres to the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023. The GFY 2025 budget includes 1% growth for defense budgets and an overall 1% growth for non-defense budgets. If Congress is not able to pass the GFY 2025 funding measures by the end of September 2024, it could result in the U.S. government operating on a continuing resolution or could potentially lead to a partial or full government shutdown.

In January 2023, the Federal debt ceiling was reached and the U.S. Department of the Treasury was operating under "extraordinary measures." In June 2023, the President signed the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 which suspends the Federal debt ceiling until January 1, 2025, postponing the threat of a federal government default. If a new debt ceiling agreement is not reached by January 2025, the U.S. Department of the Treasury will return to operating under "extraordinary measures."

Adverse changes in fiscal and economic conditions could materially impact our business. Some changes that could have an adverse impact on our business include adverse regulations, the implementation of future spending reductions (including sequestration), delayed passage of appropriations bills resulting in temporary or full-year continuing resolutions, extreme inflationary increases adversely impacting fixed price contracts, and potential government shutdowns.

Spending packages, including the infrastructure bill, Inflation Reduction Act, and CHIPS and Science Act, as well as future potential spending packages, may provide additional opportunity in areas of SAIC focus such as digital modernization, cyber, microelectronics support, and climate resiliency.

The U.S. government has increasingly relied on contracts that are subject to a competitive bidding process (including indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity ("IDIQ"), U.S. General Services Administration ("GSA") schedules, and other multi-award contracts), which has resulted in greater competition and increased pricing pressure. Additionally, the U.S. government has put renewed emphasis on increasing the number of small business prime set-aside contracts that further reduce the addressable market in some areas.

Despite the budget and competitive pressures affecting the industry, we believe we are well-positioned to protect and expand existing customer relationships and benefit from opportunities that we have not previously pursued. Our scale, size, and prime contractor leadership position are expected to help differentiate us from our competitors, especially on large contract opportunities. We believe our long-term, trusted customer relationships and deep technical expertise provide us with the sophistication to handle highly complex, mission-critical contracts. Our value proposition is found in the proven ability to serve as a trusted adviser to our customers. In doing so, we leverage our expertise and scale to help them execute their mission.

We succeed as a business based on the solutions we deliver, our past performance, and our ability to compete on price. Our solutions are inspired through innovation based on adoption of best practices and technology integration of the best capabilities available. Our Innovation Factory develops superior enterprise-class solutions which are delivered to our customers as stand-alone solutions or integrated with and aligned to our product offerings to meet complex customer needs and accelerate the digital transformation. Our past performance was achieved by employees dedicated to supporting our customers' most challenging missions. Our current cost structure and ongoing efforts to reduce costs by strategic sourcing and developing repeatable offerings sold "as a service" and as

managed services in a more commercial business model are expected to allow us to compete effectively on price in an evolving environment. Our ability to be competitive in the future will continue to be driven by our reputation for successful program execution, competitive cost structure, development of new pricing and business models, and efficiencies in assigning the right people, at the right time, in support of our contracts.

### **Management of Operating Performance and Reporting**

Our business and program management process is directed by professionals focused on serving our customers by providing high quality services in achieving program requirements. These professionals carefully monitor contract margin performance by constantly evaluating contract risks and opportunities. Throughout each contract's life cycle, program managers review performance and update contract performance estimates to reflect their understanding of the best information available.

We evaluate our results of operations by considering the drivers causing changes in revenues, operating income and operating cash flows. Given that revenues fluctuate on our contract portfolio over time due to contract awards and completions, changes in customer requirements, and increases or decreases in ordering volume of materials, we evaluate significant trends and fluctuations resulting from these factors. Whether performed by our employees or by our subcontractors, we primarily provide services and, as a result, our cost of revenues are predominantly variable. We also analyze our cost mix (labor, subcontractor and materials) in order to understand operating margin because programs with a higher proportion of SAIC labor are generally more profitable. Changes in cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues other than from revenue volume or cost mix are normally driven by fluctuations in shared or corporate costs, or cumulative revenue adjustments due to changes in estimates.

Changes in operating cash flows are described with regard to changes in cash generated through the provision of services, significant drivers of fluctuations in assets or liabilities and the impacts of changes in timing of cash receipts or disbursements.

#### **Condensed Consolidated Results of Operations**

The primary financial performance measures we use to manage our business and monitor results of operations are revenues, operating income, and cash flows from operating activities. The following table summarizes our condensed consolidated results of operations:

	Thre	Three Months Ended Six Months Ended						
	August 2, 2024	Percent change		August 4 2023		August 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023
				(dollars	in millio	ons)		
Revenues	\$ 1,818	2 %	\$	1,784	\$	3,665	(4 %) \$	3,812
Cost of revenues	1,608	3 %		1,568		3,242	(4 %)	3,361
As a percentage of revenues	88.4 %			87.9 %	,	88.5 %		88.2 %
Selling, general and administrative expenses	77	(13 %)		88		162	(6 %)	172
(Gain) loss on divestitures, net of transaction costs	_	(100 %)		(234)		_	(100 %)	(240)
Other operating (income) expense	(1)	100 %		_		(4)	100 %	_
Operating income	134	(63 %)		362		265	(49 %)	519
As a percentage of revenues	7.4 %			20.3 %	,	7.2 %		13.6 %
Provision for income taxes	(19)	(78 %)		(88)		(37)	(67 %)	(113)
Net income	\$ 81	(67 %)	\$	247	\$	158	(54 %) \$	345

*Revenues.* Revenues increased \$34 million for the three months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts, partially offset by contract completions.

Revenues decreased \$147 million for the six months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$188 million) in the prior year (see Note 4—Divestitures to the condensed consolidated financial statements), and contract completions. This was partially offset by ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts. Adjusting for the impact of the divestiture, revenues grew 1.1%.

Operating Income. Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the three months ended August 2, 2024 decreased from the comparable prior year period primarily due to the gain on the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$234 million) in the prior year period, and contract completions, partially offset by ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts.

Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased from the comparable prior year period primarily due to the gain on the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$233 million) in the prior year, a gain recognized from the deconsolidation of FSA (\$7 million), and contract completions, partially offset by ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts.

*Income Taxes.* Our effective income tax rate was 19.6% and 19.3% for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024, respectively, and 26.4% and 24.7% for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively. Our effective tax rate differs from the statutory tax rate primarily due to the deduction for foreign derived intangible income, research and development tax credits, and stock-based compensation windfalls.

Our effective tax rate for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased compared to the same periods in the previous year due to the non-recurrence of a gain from the disposition of the Supply Chain Business and the associated non-deductible goodwill.

Beginning in fiscal 2023, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 eliminated the option to deduct research and development expenditures immediately in the year incurred and requires taxpayers to amortize such expenditures over five years for tax purposes. While the impact to income taxes payable was most significant in fiscal 2023, this impact will decrease over the five-year amortization period and is anticipated to be immaterial in year six. The actual impact will depend on the amount of research and development costs incurred by us, whether Congress modifies or repeals this provision and whether new guidance and interpretive rules are issued by the U.S. Treasury, among other factors.

In December 2021, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) enacted model rules for a new 15% global minimum tax framework ("Pillar Two") which became effective in certain jurisdictions beginning in fiscal 2024. We do not anticipate Pillar Two to have a significant impact on our effective tax rate or our consolidated results of operations, financial position, and cash flows.

#### **Segment and Corporate Results**

The primary financial performance measures we use to manage our reportable segments and monitor results of operations are revenues and operating income. The following tables summarize our results of operations by reportable segment:

Defense and Intelligence	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	August 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023	August 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023		
			(dollars	in millions)				
Revenues	\$ 1,415	2 % \$	1,389	\$ 2,851	(5 %) \$	2,986		
Operating income	\$ 107	1 % \$	106	\$ 214	(7 %) \$	230		
As a percentage of revenues	7.6 %		7.6 %	7.5 %		7.7 %		

*Revenues:* Revenues increased \$26 million for the three months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts, partially offset by contract completions.

Revenues decreased \$135 million for the six months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$188 million) in the prior year, and contract completions. This was partially offset by ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts. Adjusting for the impact of the divestiture, revenues grew 1.9%.

Operating Income: Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the three months ended August 2, 2024 was comparable to the prior year period, primarily due to ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts, offset by contract completions.

Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased from the comparable prior year period primarily due to contract completions and the sale of the Supply Chain Business in the prior year, partially offset by ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts.

Civilian	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	August 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023	Au	ıgust 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023	
			(dollars i	n millions)				
Revenues	\$ 403	2 % \$	395	\$	814	(1 %)	\$ 826	
Operating income	\$ 34	(21 %) \$	43	\$	68	(20 %)	\$ 85	
As a percentage of revenues	8.4 %		10.9 %		8.4 %		10.3 %	

Revenues: Revenues increased \$8 million for the three months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to ramp up in volume on existing contracts.

Revenues decreased \$12 million for the six months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to reduced volume on existing contracts, partially offset by new contracts.

Operating Income: Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the three months ended August 2, 2024 decreased from the comparable prior year period partially due to timing and volume mix.

Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased from the comparable prior year primarily due to reduced volume on existing contracts.

Corporate	Thre	e Months Ended		Six	Months Ended	t		
	August 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023	August 2, 2024	Percent change	August 4, 2023		
			(dollars in	millions)				
Operating (loss) income	\$ (7)	103 % \$	213	\$ (17)	108 % \$	204		

Operating (Loss) Income: Operating loss increased \$220 million for the three months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the gain recognized from the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business in the prior year period (\$234 million), partially offset by lower selling, general and administrative expenses.

Operating loss increased \$221 million for the six months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business in the prior year (\$233 million) and the gain recognized from the deconsolidation of FSA (\$7 million), partially offset by lower selling, general and administrative expenses.

#### **Non-GAAP Measures**

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA"), and adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. While we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures are also useful for management and investors in evaluating our financial information, they should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as a substitute for financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Reconciliations, definitions, and how we believe these measures are useful to management and investors are provided below. Other companies may define similar measures differently.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. The performance measure EBITDA is calculated by taking net income and excluding interest and loss on sale of receivables, provision for income taxes, and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a performance measure that excludes costs that we do not consider to be indicative of our ongoing performance. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by taking EBITDA and excluding acquisition and integration costs, impairments, restructuring costs, and any other material non-recurring costs. Integration costs are costs to integrate acquired companies including costs of strategic consulting services, facility consolidation and employee related costs such as retention and severance costs. The acquisition and integration costs relate to our acquisitions.

We believe that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA provide management and investors with useful information in assessing trends in our ongoing operating performance and may provide greater visibility in understanding our long-term financial performance.

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented were calculated as follows:

	Three Mon	ths Ende	d	Six Mon	ed	
	August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023	August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023
	(dollars in	millions)				
Net income	\$ 81	\$	247	\$ 158	\$	345
Interest expense, net and loss on sale of receivables	35		31	72		66
Provision for income taxes	19		88	37		113
Depreciation and amortization	34		36	69		72
EBITDA	169		402	336		596
EBITDA as a percentage of revenues	9.3 %		22.5 %	9.2 %		15.6 %
Acquisition and integration costs <sup>(1)</sup>	_		1	(2)		1
Restructuring and impairment costs	2		5	4		6
Recovery of acquisition and integration costs and restructuring and impairment costs <sup>(2)</sup>	(1)		_	(2)		_
(Gain) loss on divestitures, net of transaction costs	_		(234)	_		(240)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 170	\$	174	\$ 336	\$	363
Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues	9.4 %		9.8 %	9.2 %		9.5 %

(1) Adjustment consists of a reversal of immaterial costs related to the Koverse acquisition.

Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues for the three and six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased compared to the same periods in the prior year primarily due to contract completions, partially offset by ramp up in volume on existing and new contracts.

### **Other Key Performance Measures**

In addition to the financial measures described above, we believe that bookings and backlog are useful measures for management and investors to evaluate our potential future revenues. We also consider measures such as contract types and cost of revenues mix to be useful for management and investors to evaluate our operating income and performance.

Net Bookings and Backlog. Net bookings represent the estimated amount of revenues to be earned in the future from funded and negotiated unfunded contract awards that were received during the period, net of adjustments to estimates on previously awarded contracts. We calculate net bookings as the period's ending backlog plus the period's revenues less the prior period's ending backlog and initial backlog obtained through acquisitions.

<sup>(2)</sup> Adjustment reflects the portion of acquisition and integration costs and restructuring and impairment costs recovered through our indirect rates in accordance with U.S. government Cost Accounting Standards.

Backlog represents the estimated amount of future revenues to be recognized under negotiated contracts as work is performed. We do not include in backlog estimates of revenues to be derived from IDIQ contracts, but rather record backlog and bookings when task orders are awarded on these contracts. Given that much of our revenue is derived from IDIQ contract task orders that renew annually, bookings on these contracts tend to refresh annually as the task orders are renewed. Additionally, we do not include in backlog contract awards that are under protest until the protest is resolved in our favor.

We segregate our backlog into two categories as follows:

- Funded Backlog. Funded backlog for contracts with government agencies primarily represents estimated amounts of revenue to be
  earned in the future from contracts for which funding is appropriated less revenues previously recognized on these contracts. It does not
  include the unfunded portion of contracts in which funding is incrementally appropriated or authorized on a quarterly or annual basis by
  the U.S. government and other customers even though the contract may call for performance over a number of years. Funded backlog for
  contracts with non-government customers represents the estimated value on contracts, which may cover multiple future years, under
  which we are obligated to perform, less revenues previously recognized on these contracts.
- Negotiated Unfunded Backlog. Negotiated unfunded backlog represents estimated amounts of revenue to be earned in the future from
  negotiated contracts for which funding has not been appropriated or otherwise authorized and from unexercised priced contract options.
  Negotiated unfunded backlog does not include any estimate of future potential task orders expected to be awarded under IDIQ, GSA
  Schedules or other master agreement contract vehicles, with the exception of certain IDIQ contracts where task orders are not
  competitively awarded and separately priced but instead are used as a funding mechanism, and where there is a basis for estimating
  future revenues and funding on future anticipated task orders.

We expect to recognize revenue from a substantial portion of our funded backlog within the next twelve months. However, the U.S. government can adjust the scope of services of or cancel contracts at any time. Similarly, certain contracts with commercial customers include provisions that allow the customer to cancel prior to contract completion. Most of our contracts have cancellation terms that would permit us to recover all or a portion of our incurred costs and fees (contract profit) for work performed.

The estimated value of our total backlog as of the dates presented was:

	Aug	just 2, 2024		February 2, 2024				
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC		
	(in millions)							
Funded backlog	\$ 3,411 \$	826 \$	4,237	\$ 2,707 \$	832 \$	3,539		
Negotiated unfunded backlog	15,819	2,843	18,662	16,316	2,908	19,224		
Total backlog	\$ 19,230 \$	3,669 \$	22,899	\$ 19,023 \$	3,740 \$	22,763		

We had net bookings worth an estimated \$1.2 billion and \$3.8 billion during the three and six months ended August 2, 2024.

Contract Types. Our earnings and profitability may vary materially depending on changes in the proportionate amount of revenues derived from each type of contract. For a discussion of the types of contracts under which we generate revenues, see "Business - Contract Types" in Part I, Item 1 of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K. The following table summarizes revenues by contract type as a percentage of each reportable segment and total SAIC revenues for the periods presented:

			Three Months	s Ended		
	Aug	gust 2, 2024		Aug	just 4, 2023	
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC
			(in millio	ns)		
Cost reimbursement	77 %	5 %	61 %	79 %	3 %	62 %
Time and materials ("T&M")	11 %	66 %	23 %	8 %	62 %	20 %
Firm-fixed price ("FFP")	12 %	29 %	16 %	13 %	35 %	18 %
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %

		Six Months Ended							
	Aug	gust 2, 2024		August 4, 2023					
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC			
			(in millio	ns)					
Cost reimbursement	78 %	5 %	62 %	73 %	4 %	58 %			
Time and materials ("T&M")	11 %	<b>65</b> %	23 %	8 %	60 %	19 %			
Firm-fixed price ("FFP")	11 %	30 %	15 %	19 %	36 %	23 %			
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %			

The change in contract mix for the six months ended August 2, 2024 is primarily due to a decrease in firm-fixed price type contracts due to the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business in the prior year, which historically had a higher proportion of these contracts.

Cost of Revenues Mix. We generate revenues by providing a customized mix of services to our customers. The profit generated from our service contracts is affected by the proportion of cost of revenues incurred from the efforts of our employees (which we refer to below as labor-related cost of revenues), the efforts of our subcontractors and the cost of materials used in the performance of our service obligations under our contracts. Contracts performed with a higher proportion of SAIC labor are generally more profitable. The following table presents cost mix as a percentage of each reportable segment and total SAIC revenues for the periods presented:

		Three Months Ended								
	Aug	just 2, 2024		Aug	just 4, 2023					
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC				
		(in millions)								
Labor-related cost of revenues	56 %	<b>59</b> %	56 %	55 %	59 %	56 %				
Subcontractor-related cost of revenues	29 %	33 %	30 %	31 %	35 %	32 %				
Other materials-related cost of revenues	15 %	8 %	14 %	14 %	6 %	12 %				
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %				

	Six Months Ended						
	August 2, 2024			August 4, 2023			
	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC	Defense and Intelligence	Civilian	Total SAIC	
	(in millions)						
Labor-related cost of revenues	57 %	<b>59</b> %	57 %	53 %	58 %	54 %	
Subcontractor-related cost of revenues	29 %	32 %	30 %	29 %	34 %	30 %	
Supply chain materials-related cost of revenues	<b>—</b> %	<b>-</b> %	<del>-</del> %	5 %	— %	4 %	
Other materials-related cost of revenues	14 %	9 %	13 %	13 %	8 %	12 %	
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %	

The change in cost of revenues mix for the six months ended August 2, 2024 is primarily due to a decrease in supply chain materials-related costs due to the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business in the prior year.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

As a services provider, our business generally requires minimal infrastructure investment. We expect to fund our ongoing working capital, commitments and any other discretionary investments with cash on hand, future operating cash flows and, if needed, borrowings under our \$1.0 billion Revolving Credit Facility and \$300 million MARPA Facility.

We anticipate that our future cash needs will be for working capital, capital expenditures, and contractual and other commitments. We consider various financial measures when we develop and update our capital deployment strategy, which include evaluating cash provided by operating activities, free cash flow and financial leverage.

Our ability to fund these needs will depend, in part, on our ability to generate cash in the future, which depends on our future financial results. Our future results are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors that may be outside of our direct control. Although we believe that the financing arrangements in place will permit us to finance our operations on acceptable terms and conditions for at least the next year, our future access to, and the availability of financing on acceptable terms and conditions will be impacted by many factors (including our credit rating, capital market liquidity and overall economic conditions). Therefore, we cannot ensure that such financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or that such financing will be available at all. Nevertheless, we believe that our existing cash on hand, generation of future operating cash flows, and access to bank financing and capital markets will provide adequate resources to meet our short-term liquidity and long-term capital needs.

During the first quarter of fiscal 2025, we amended our Credit Facility. See Note 7—Debt Obligations to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained within this report for additional information.

#### **Historical Cash Flow Trends**

The following table summarizes our cash flows:

	Six Months Ended		
	August 2, 2024		August 4, 2023
	(in mil	lions)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 236	\$	232
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(16)		334
Net cash used in financing activities	(267)		(323)
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (47)	\$	243

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities. Cash flows provided by operating activities increased \$4 million for the six months ended August 2, 2024 as compared to the prior year primarily due to timing of customer collections and vendor payments, lower tax payments in the current year, and other net favorable changes in working capital, partially offset by higher incentive-based compensation payments and higher cash used from the Master Accounts Receivable Purchase Agreement ("MARPA Facility") in the current year (see Note 10—Sales of Receivables to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained within this report for additional information).

Net Cash (Used in) Provided by Investing Activities. Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended August 2, 2024 was \$16 million compared to cash provided by investing activities of \$334 million in the prior year period. This change is primarily due to the \$355 million of cash proceeds for the sale of the Supply Chain Business in the prior year period (see Note 4 to the condensed consolidated financial statements).

*Net Cash Used in Financing Activities.* Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended August 2, 2024 decreased compared to the prior year period primarily due to higher proceeds received from borrowings, net of principal payments, partially offset by higher share repurchases in the current year.

### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates during the six months ended August 2, 2024 from those disclosed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

### **Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements**

For information on recently issued but not yet adopted accounting pronouncements, see Note 1 to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained within this report.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to our market risks from those discussed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, under the supervision and with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and have concluded that as of August 2, 2024 these controls and procedures were operating and effective.

### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period covered by this report which materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We have provided information about legal proceedings in which we are involved in our fiscal 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and we have provided an update to this information in Note 12—Legal Proceedings and Other Commitments and Contingencies to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained within this report, which is incorporated herein by reference.

In addition to the described legal proceedings, we are routinely subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations. Additional information regarding such investigations and reviews is included in our fiscal 2024 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and we have also updated this information in Note 12—Legal Proceedings and Other Commitments and Contingencies to the condensed consolidated financial statements contained within this report, under the heading "Government Investigations, Audits and Reviews," which is incorporated herein by reference.

#### Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchases of Equity Securities. We may repurchase shares on the open market in accordance with established repurchase plans. Whether repurchases are made and the timing and amount of repurchases depend on a variety of factors including market conditions, our capital position, internal cash generation and other factors. We also repurchase shares in connection with stock option and stock award activities to satisfy tax withholding obligations.

The following table presents repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended August 2, 2024:

Period <sup>(1)</sup>	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased <sup>(2)</sup>	Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs <sup>(3)</sup>
May 4, 2024 - June 7, 2024	269,779	\$ 129.67	268,906	3,297,270
June 8, 2024 - July 5, 2024	390,280	116.08	390,280	2,906,990
July 6, 2024 - August 2, 2024	1,016,832	119.14	1,015,737	1,891,253
Total	1,676,891	\$ 120.12	1,674,923	

- (1) Date ranges represent our fiscal periods during the current quarter. Our fiscal quarters typically consist of one five-week period and two four-week periods.
- (2) Includes shares purchased on surrender by stockholders of previously owned shares to satisfy minimum statutory tax withholding obligations related to stock option exercises and vesting of stock awards in addition to shares purchased under our publicly announced plans or programs.
- (3) In June 2022, the number of shares that may be purchased increased by 8.0 million shares, bringing the total authorized shares to be repurchased under the plan to approximately 24.4 million shares. As of August 2, 2024, we have repurchased approximately 22.6 million shares of common stock under the program.

### Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

No information is required in response to this item.

### Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

No information is required in response to this item.

### Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended August 2, 2024, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

### Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	Interactive Data File. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
104	The cover page from this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, formatted as Inline XBRL.

### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: September 5, 2024

Science Applications International Corporation

/s/ Prabu Natarajan

Prabu Natarajan Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

### I, Toni Townes-Whitley, certify that:

Date: September 5, 2024

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2024 of Science Applications International Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report:
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Toni Townes-Whitley

Toni Townes-Whitley
Chief Executive Officer

## SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

### I, Prabu Natarajan, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2024 of Science Applications International Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: September 5, 2024

/s/ Prabu Natarajan
Prabu Natarajan
Chief Financial Officer

# SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Science Applications International Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Toni Townes-Whitley, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: September 5, 2024

/s/ Toni Townes-Whitley

Toni Townes-Whitley

Chief Executive Officer

# SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Science Applications International Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 2, 2024 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Prabu Natarajan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date:	Se	otembe	er 5,	2024
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/s/ Prabu Natarajan Prabu Natarajan Chief Financial Officer