UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549 Form 10-Q

	(Mark One))								
	\boxtimes	QUART	ERLY R	EPORT PURSUANT	го ѕестіо	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIE	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
				For the qu	uarterly pe	riod ended A	August 4, 202	3		
		TRANS	ITION R	EPORT PURSUANT	го ѕестіо	N 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SEC	CURITIE	S EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934	
				For the tra	nsition per	riod from	to	_		
		Sc	ienc	e Applicat	ions				poration	
1	2010 Sunset	r jurisdiction	ad,	oration or organization) Reston, Vir cutive offices)	ginia (703)	676-4300	ding area code)		46-1932921 Employer Identification No.) 20190 (Zip Code)	
				Securities regist	ered purs	suant to Sec	ction 12(b) of	the Ac	t:	
Com	<u>Title</u> mon Stock, _ا	of each o		per share	<u>Tradir</u>	ng Symbol(s) SAIC		<u>Name</u>	of each exchange on which regis	<u>stered</u>
1934 dur	ing the preced	ding 12 m	onths (eriod that				or 15(d) of the Securities Exchosuch reports), and (2) has been	
405 of Re		(§232.40	5 of this						required to be submitted pursua period that the registrant was rec	
company	or an emergi	ng growt	n compa		ons of "larg				ccelerated filer, a smaller reporting filer," "smaller reporting compar	
La	arge accelerat	ed filer	×	Accelerated filer		Non-acce	lerated filer		Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	
				e by check mark if t standards provided					ended transition period for comp e Act. □	lying with
Indicate I	by check marl	k whether	the reg	istrant is a shell cor	npany (as	defined in F	tule 12b-2 of t	he Exch	nange Act). Yes □ No ⊠	
	The num	ber of sh	ares iss	ued and outstanding	g of the re	gistrant's co	mmon stock a	s of Au	gust 25, 2023 was as follows:	
<u>=</u>				52,935,354 shares	of commo	n stock (\$.00	001 par value	per sha	are)	<u> </u>
-				·						-

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION FORM 10-Q

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PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			
	August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022		August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022	
		(in m	illions, except	per sha	are amounts)			
Revenues	\$ 1,784	\$	1,831	\$	3,812	\$	3,827	
Cost of revenues	1,568		1,612		3,361		3,382	
Selling, general and administrative expenses	88		93		172		185	
Acquisition and integration costs	1		1		1		10	
Other operating income (includes gain on divestiture, see Note 4)	(235)		_		(241)		_	
Operating income	362		125		519		250	
Interest expense	33		30		66		57	
Other (income) expense, net	(6)		_		(5)		3	
Income before income taxes	335		95		458		190	
Provision for income taxes	(88)		(21)		(113)		(42)	
Net income	247		74		345		148	
Net income attributable to non-controlling interest	_		1		_		2	
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 247	\$	73	\$	345	\$	146	
Earnings per share:								
Basic	\$ 4.60	\$	1.31	\$	6.40	\$	2.61	
Diluted	\$ 4.56	\$	1.30	\$	6.35	\$	2.59	

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended			Six Months E			Ended	
		August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022	Δ	ugust 4, 2023		July 29, 2022
	(in millions							
Net income	\$	247	\$	74	\$	345	\$	148
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:								
Net unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments		7		(3)		1		34
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		7		(3)		1		34
Comprehensive income	\$	254	\$	71	\$	346	\$	182
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interest		_		1		_		2
Comprehensive income attributable to common stockholders	\$	254	\$	70	\$	346	\$	180

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

		August 4, 2023		February 3, 2023
		(in m	illions)	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	352	\$	109
Receivables, net		958		936
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets		74		152
Total current assets		1,384		1,197
Goodwill		2,851		2,911
Intangible assets, net		951		1,009
Property, plant, and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$193 million and \$194 million at August 4 2023 and February 3, 2023, respectively)	,	90		92
Operating lease right of use assets		140		158
Other assets		256		176
Total assets	\$	5,672	\$	5,543
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	820	\$	767
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		330		328
Long-term debt, current portion		62		31
Total current liabilities		1,212		1,126
Long-term debt, net of current portion		2,215		2,343
Operating lease liabilities		138		152
Other long-term liabilities		264		218
Commitments and contingencies (Note 11)				
Equity: Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 1 billion shares authorized, 53 million and 54 million shares issued and outstanding as of August 4, 2023 and February 3, 2023, respectively		_		_
Additional paid-in capital		480		637
Retained earnings		1,340		1,035
Accumulated other comprehensive income		23		22
Total common stockholders' equity		1,843		1,694
Non-controlling interest		_		10
Total stockholders' equity		1,843		1,704
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	5,672	\$	5,543

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Net income — — 247 — — Issuances of stock — 5 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 7 — Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share — — (20) — — Stock-based compensation — 14 — — — Repurchases of stock (1) (102) — — — Balance at August 4, 2023 53 \$ 480 \$ 1,340 \$ 23 \$ —	\$ 1,692 247 5 7 (20 14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Balance at May 5, 2023 54 563 1,113 16 — Net income — — 247 — — Issuances of stock — 5 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — — — — Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share — — — — — — Stock-based compensation — 14 — — — — Repurchases of stock (1) (102) — — — — Repurchases of stock (1) (102) — — — — Balance at February 3, 2023 53 \$ 480 \$ 1,340 \$ 23 \$ Net income — — 345 — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — — — —	247 5 7 (20 14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Net income — — 247 — — Issuances of stock — 5 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 7 — Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share — — (20) — — Stock-based compensation — 14 — — — Repurchases of stock (1) (102) — — — Balance at August 4, 2023 53 480 1,340 \$ 23 — Balance at February 3, 2023 54 637 1,035 \$ 22 \$ 10 Net income — — 345 — — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — — — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — — — — — Stock-based compens	247 5 7 (20 14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
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Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 7 — Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share — — — — — Stock-based compensation — 14 — — — Repurchases of stock (1) (102) — — — Balance at August 4, 2023 53 \$ 480 \$ 1,340 \$ 23 \$ Net income — — — 345 — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — — — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — — — — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — — —	7 (20 14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share —	(20 14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Stock-based compensation — 14 — <td>14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40</td>	14 (102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Repurchases of stock (1) (102) — — — Balance at August 4, 2023 53 480 1,340 \$ 23 — Balance at February 3, 2023 54 637 1,035 \$ 22 10 Net income — — — 345 — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 1 — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	(102 \$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Balance at August 4, 2023 53 \$ 480 \$ 1,340 \$ 23 \$ — Balance at February 3, 2023 54 \$ 637 \$ 1,035 \$ 22 \$ 10 Net income — — 345 — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — —	\$ 1,843 \$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Balance at February 3, 2023 54 637 1,035 22 10 Net income — — — 345 — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 1 — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	\$ 1,704 345 9 1 (40
Net income — — 345 — — Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 1 — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	345 9 1 (40
Issuances of stock 1 9 — — — Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 1 — Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	9 1 (40
Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — — 1 — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	1 (40
Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	(40
Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (40) — — — Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	-
Stock-based compensation — 7 — — —	-
Renurchases of stock (2) (173)	7
	(173
Deconsolidation of non-controlling interest — — — — — (10)	(10
	\$ 1,843
Balance at April 29, 2022 56 \$ 770 \$ 870 \$ — \$ 10	\$ 1,650
Net income — 73 — 1	74
Issuances of stock — 3 — — —	3
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax — — — — (3) —	(3
Cash dividends of \$0.37 per share — — (20) — —	(20
Stock-based compensation — 12 — — —	12
Repurchases of stock (1) (62) — — —	(62
Distributions to non-controlling interest — — — — — (1)	(1
	\$ 1,653
Balance at January 28, 2022 56 \$ 838 \$ 818 \$ (37) \$ 10	\$ 1,629
Net income — — 146 — 2	148
Issuances of stock 1 8 — — —	8
Other comprehensive income, net of tax — — — 34 —	34
Cash dividends of \$0.74 per share — — (41) — —	(41
Stock-based compensation — 8 — — —	` 8
Repurchases of stock (2) (131) — — —	(131
Distributions to non-controlling interest — — — — (2)	(2
<u> </u>	\$ 1,653

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CONDENSED AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	 Six Months E	
	August 4, 2023	July 29 2022
	(in million	s)
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net income	\$ 345 \$	148
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	72	81
Amortization of off-market customer contracts	(4)	(6
Amortization of debt issuance costs	4	(
Deferred income taxes	(25)	(22
Stock-based compensation expense	27	23
Gain on sale of long-lived assets	(3)	_
Gain on divestitures	(247)	_
Increase (decrease) resulting from changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effect of divestitures:		
Receivables	(90)	(21
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets	8	7
Other assets	(3)	į
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	52	29
Accrued payroll and employee benefits	9	(27
Income taxes payable	74	36
Operating lease assets and liabilities, net	(2)	_
Other long-term liabilities	15	
Net cash provided by operating activities	232	259
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Expenditures for property, plant, and equipment	(12)	(12
Purchases of marketable securities	(5)	(4
Sales of marketable securities	4	2
Proceeds from sale of long-lived assets	3	_
Proceeds from divestitures	355	_
Cash divested upon deconsolidation of joint venture	(8)	_
Other	(3)	(3
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	334	(17
Cash flows from financing activities:		
Dividend payments to stockholders	(41)	(42
Principal payments on borrowings	(260)	(575
Issuances of stock	8	3
Stock repurchased and retired or withheld for taxes on equity awards	(190)	(148
Proceeds from borrowings	160	515
Debt issuance costs	_	(5
Distributions to non-controlling interest	_	(2
Net cash used in financing activities	(323)	(249
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	243	(7
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	118	115
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 361 \$	108

Note 1—Business Overview and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Overview

Science Applications International Corporation (collectively, with its consolidated subsidiaries, and herein referred to as "SAIC," the "Company," "we," "us," or "our") is a leading provider of technical, engineering and enterprise information technology (IT) services primarily to the U.S. government. The Company provides these services for large, complex projects with a targeted emphasis on higher-end, differentiated technology services and solutions that accelerate and transform secure and resilient digital environments through system development, modernization, integration, and sustainment to drive enterprise and mission outcomes.

The Company is organized as a matrix comprised of two customer facing operating sectors supported by an enterprise solutions and operations organization. The Company's operating sectors are aggregated into one reportable segment for financial reporting purposes. Each of the Company's two customer facing operating sectors is focused on providing both (1) growth and technology accelerating solutions and (2) core service offerings to one or more agencies of the U.S. federal government. Growth and technology accelerating solutions include the delivery of secure cloud modernization, outcome based enterprise IT as-a-service, and the integration, production and modernization of defense systems. Core service offerings include systems engineering and the operation and maintenance of existing IT systems and networks.

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial information was prepared by the Company pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission for interim reporting purposes. References to "financial statements" refer to the condensed and consolidated financial statements of the Company, which include the statements of income and comprehensive income, balance sheets, statements of equity and statements of cash flows. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All intercompany transactions and account balances within the Company have been eliminated. The financial statements are unaudited, but in the opinion of management include all adjustments necessary for a fair presentation thereof. The results reported in these financial statements are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for the entire year and should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended February 3, 2023.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Significant estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements may include, but are not limited to estimated profitability of long-term contracts, income taxes, fair value measurements, fair value of goodwill and other intangible assets, pension and defined benefit plan obligations, and contingencies. Estimates have been prepared by management on the basis of the most current and best available information at the time of estimation and actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reporting Periods

The Company utilizes a 52/53 week fiscal year ending on the Friday closest to January 31, with fiscal quarters typically consisting of 13 weeks. Fiscal 2024 began on February 4, 2023 and ends on February 2, 2024, while fiscal 2023 began on January 29, 2022 and ended on February 3, 2023.

Operating Cycle

The Company's operating cycle may be greater than one year and is measured by the average time intervening between the inception and the completion of contracts.

Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges

Derivative instruments are recorded on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets at fair value. Unrealized gains and losses on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges are reported in other comprehensive income (loss) and reclassified to earnings in a manner that matches the timing of the earnings impact of the hedged transactions.

The Company's fixed interest rate swaps are considered over-the-counter derivatives, and fair value is calculated using a standard pricing model for interest rate swaps with contractual terms for maturities, amortization and interest rates. Level 2, or market observable inputs (such as yield and credit curves), are used within the standard pricing models in order to determine fair value. The fair value is an estimate of the amount that the Company would pay or receive as of a measurement date if the agreements were transferred to a third party. See Note 8 for further discussion on the Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges.

Marketable Securities

Investments in marketable securities consist of equity securities, which are recorded at fair value using observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets (Level 1). As of August 4, 2023 and February 3, 2023, the fair value of the Company's investments totaled \$30 million and \$28 million, respectively, and are included in other assets on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets. The Company's investments are primarily held in a custodial account, which includes investments to fund its deferred compensation plan liabilities.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash to amounts reported on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets for the periods presented:

	August 4, 2023	February 3, 2023
	(in millions)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 352 \$	109
Restricted cash included in inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets	5	5
Restricted cash included in other assets	4	4
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ 361 \$	118

Acquisition and Integration Costs

Acquisition-related costs that are not part of the purchase price consideration are generally expensed as incurred, except for certain costs that are deferred in connection with the issuance of debt. These costs typically include transaction-related costs, such as finder's fees, legal, accounting, and other professional costs. Integration-related costs represent costs directly related to combining the Company and its acquired businesses. Integration-related costs typically include strategic consulting services, facility consolidations, employee related costs, such as retention and severance, costs to integrate information technology infrastructure, enterprise planning systems, processes, and other non-recurring integration-related costs. Acquisition and integration costs are presented together as acquisition and integration costs on the condensed and consolidated statements of income.

Acquisition costs for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023 were immaterial. During the six months ended July 29, 2022, the Company recognized a \$1 million benefit related to the acquisition of Koverse.

During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company incurred \$1 million of integration costs related to the acquisitions of Halfaker and Koverse. During the three and six months ended July 29, 2022, the Company incurred \$1 million and \$11 million of integration costs, respectively, related to the acquisitions of Halfaker and Koverse.

Restructuring

During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company incurred \$5 million and \$6 million of restructuring costs, respectively. During the three and six months ended July 29, 2022, the Company incurred \$2 million of restructuring costs. These costs are associated with the optimization and consolidation of certain facilities and are presented within selling, general and administrative expenses on the condensed and consolidated statements of income.

Investments in Equity Securities

The Company invests in certain companies that advance or develop new technologies applicable to its business. The Company also occasionally forms joint ventures as a part of its investment strategy for the purpose of bidding and executing on specific projects. Each investment is evaluated for consolidation under the variable interest entities (VIEs) model and/or the voting interest model. The results of these investments are not material to the unaudited condensed and consolidated financial statements for the periods presented.

The Company applies the equity method of accounting to its unconsolidated investments when it has the ability to exercise significant influence over the entity and recognizes its proportionate share of the entities' net income or loss within other operating income on the condensed and consolidated statements of income. Equity investments in entities over which the Company does not have the ability to exercise significant influence and whose securities do not have a readily determinable fair value are carried at cost or cost net of other-than-temporary impairments.

Accounting Standards Updates

In September 2022, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2022-04, *Liabilities—Supplier Finance Programs (Subtopic 405-50)*, which requires annual and interim disclosures for entities that use supplier finance programs in connection with the purchase of goods and services. The new standard does not affect the recognition, measurement or financial statement presentation of supplier finance program obligations. These amendments are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, except for the requirement to provide rollforward information, which is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023. Early adoption is permitted. The Company adopted the requirements of ASU 2022-04 effective the first day of fiscal 2024.

The Company maintains a supplier finance program through a financial institution in which participating suppliers, at their sole discretion, may enroll with the financial institution to finance at a discounted price one or more payment obligations of the Company prior to their scheduled due dates. As of August 4, 2023, payment obligations outstanding under the Company's supplier finance program were not material.

Note 2—Earnings Per Share, Share Repurchases and Dividends:

Earnings Per Share (EPS)

Basic EPS is computed by dividing net income attributable to common stockholders by the basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding. Diluted EPS is computed similarly to basic EPS, except the weighted-average number of shares outstanding is increased to include the dilutive effect of outstanding stock options and other stock-based awards.

The following table provides a reconciliation of the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute basic and diluted EPS for the periods presented:

	Three Months Ended		Six Months Er	ıded			
	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022			
		(in millions)					
Basic weighted-average number of shares outstanding	53.5	55.6	53.9	55.9			
Dilutive common share equivalents - stock options and other stock-based							
awards	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4			
Diluted weighted-average number of shares outstanding	53.9	55.9	54.3	56.3			

Antidilutive stock awards excluded from the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used to compute diluted EPS for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023 and July 29, 2022 were immaterial.

Share Repurchases

The Company may repurchase shares in accordance with established repurchase plans. The Company retires its common stock upon repurchase with the excess over par value allocated to additional paid-in capital. The Company has not made any material purchases of common stock other than in connection with established share repurchase plans. In June 2022, the number of shares of the Company's common stock that may be repurchased under its existing repurchase plan was increased by 8.0 million shares, bringing the total authorized shares to be repurchased under the plan to approximately 24.4 million shares. As of August 4, 2023, the Company has repurchased approximately 18.7 million shares of common stock under the program.

Dividends

The Company declared and paid a quarterly dividend of \$0.37 per share of its common stock during the three months ended August 4, 2023. Subsequent to the end of the quarter, on September 6, 2023, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly dividend of \$0.37 per share of the Company's common stock payable on October 27, 2023 to stockholders of record on October 13, 2023.

Note 3—Revenues:

Changes in Estimates on Contracts

Changes in estimates of revenues, cost of revenues or profits related to performance obligations satisfied over time are recognized in operating income in the period in which such changes are made for the inception-to-date effect of the changes. Changes in these estimates can occur routinely over the performance period for a variety of reasons, which include: changes in scope; changes in cost estimates due to unanticipated cost growth or reassessments of risks impacting costs; changes in the estimated transaction price, such as variable amounts for incentive or award fees; and performance being better or worse than previously estimated.

A significant portion of the Company's contracts recognize revenue on performance obligations using a cost input measure (cost-to-cost), which requires estimates of total costs at completion. In cases when total expected costs exceed total estimated revenues for a performance obligation, the Company recognizes the total estimated loss in the quarter identified. Total estimated losses are inclusive of any unexercised options that are probable of award, only if they increase the amount of the loss.

Aggregate net changes in estimates on contracts accounted for using the cost-to-cost method of accounting were recognized in operating income as follows:

	 Three Months Ended				Six Mont	hs En	ded
	August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022		August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022
	(in millions, except per share amounts)						
Net (unfavorable) favorable adjustments	\$ (1)	\$	5	\$	4	\$	10
Net (unfavorable) favorable adjustments, after tax	(1)		4		3		8
Diluted EPS impact	\$ (0.02)	\$	0.07	\$	0.06	\$	0.14

Revenues were \$1 million lower and \$4 million higher for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively, and \$5 million and \$9 million higher for the three and six months ended July 29, 2022, respectively, due to net revenue recognized from performance obligations satisfied in prior periods.

Disaggregation of Revenues

The Company's revenues are generated primarily from long-term contracts with the U.S. government including subcontracts with other contractors engaged in work for the U.S. government. The Company disaggregates revenues by customer, contract type and prime versus subcontractor to the federal government.

Disaggregated revenues by customer were as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended		
	August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022		August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022
			(in m	illions))		
Department of Defense	\$ 919	\$	884	\$	1,990	\$	1,830
Other federal government agencies	828		911		1,748		1,924
Commercial, state and local	37		36		74		73
Total	\$ 1,784	\$	1,831	\$	3,812	\$	3,827

Disaggregated revenues by contract type were as follows:

	Three Months Ended				Six Mon	ded	
	August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022		August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022
	(in millions)						
Cost reimbursement	\$ 1,105	\$	1,035	\$	2,217	\$	2,130
Time and materials (T&M)	358		328		725		714
Firm-fixed price (FFP)	321		468		870		983
Total	\$ 1,784	\$	1,831	\$	3,812	\$	3,827

Disaggregated revenues by prime versus subcontractor were as follows:

	Three Mor	nths En	ded		Six Months Ended			
	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022		August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022		
			(in m	illions)				
Prime contractor to federal government	\$ 1,591	\$	1,665	\$	3,446	\$	3,487	
Subcontractor to federal government	156		130		292		267	
Other	37		36		74		73	
Total	\$ 1,784	\$	1,831	\$	3,812	\$	3,827	

Contract Balances

Contract balances for the periods presented were as follows:

	Balance Sheet line item	August 4, 2023		February 3, 2023
		(in m	illions)	
Billed and billable receivables, net(1)	Receivables, net	\$ 608	\$	572
Contract assets - unbillable receivables	Receivables, net	350		364
Contract assets - contract retentions	Other assets	14		15
Contract liabilities - current	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	45		48
Contract liabilities - non-current	Other long-term liabilities	\$ 3	\$	4

⁽¹⁾ Net of allowance of \$4 million as of August 4, 2023 and February 3, 2023.

During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company recognized revenues of \$12 million and \$33 million, respectively, relating to amounts that were included in the opening balance of contract liabilities as of February 3, 2023. During the three and six months ended July 29, 2022, the Company recognized revenues of \$8 million and \$35 million, respectively, relating to amounts that were included in the opening balance of contract liabilities as of January 28, 2022.

Remaining Performance Obligations

As of August 4, 2023, the Company had approximately \$5 billion of remaining performance obligations. The Company expects to recognize revenue on approximately 85% of the remaining performance obligations over the next 12 months and approximately 95% over the next 24 months, with the remaining recognized thereafter.

Lessor Revenue

The Company leases IT equipment and hardware to its customers. All of the Company's lessor arrangements are operating leases. Operating lease income is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease and is reported as revenue on the condensed and consolidated statements of income. During the six months ended July 29, 2022, the Company recognized revenue of \$23 million from the exercise of purchase options under certain lessor arrangements. Operating lease income was immaterial for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023 and July 29, 2022.

Note 4—Divestitures:

FSA Amendment

On February 4, 2023, the Company sold 0.1% of its 50.1% majority ownership interest in Forfeiture Support Associates J.V. (FSA) to its sole joint venture partner for a nominal amount. As a result of the sale and amendment to the joint venture operating agreement of FSA, the Company no longer controls the joint venture and will account for its retained interest as an equity method investment as of the date of the transaction.

The Company remeasured its retained investment in FSA to a fair value of \$14 million. The equity method investment is included within other assets on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets. The remeasurement resulted in a gain of \$7 million which is included within other operating income on the condensed and consolidated statements of income and is reflected within gain on divestitures on the condensed and consolidated statements of cash flows. The Company estimated the fair value of its retained investment in FSA based on Level 3 inputs of the fair value hierarchy. The Company used the income approach which involves the use of estimates and assumptions, including revenue growth rates, projected operating margins, discount rates and terminal growth rates.

Sale of Logistics and Supply Chain Management Business

On May 6, 2023, the Company closed the sale of its logistics and supply chain management business (Supply Chain Business) to ASRC Federal Holding Company, LLC (ASRC Federal) for \$356 million in cash, including \$355 million received at closing and a preliminary post-closing adjustment for working capital. The sale enables the Company to focus its resources on long-term strategic growth areas. The Company recorded a preliminary pre-tax gain of \$233 million, net of \$7 million of transaction costs, which is included within other operating income on the condensed and consolidated statements of income.

The disposition does not represent a strategic shift in operations that will have a material effect on the Company's operations and financial results, and accordingly has not been presented as discontinued operations.

The major classes of assets and liabilities divested were as follows:

	(ir	n millions)
Assets:		
Receivables, net	\$	46
Inventory, prepaid expenses and other current assets		73
Goodwill		60
Operating lease right of use assets		2
Total assets divested	\$	181
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	63
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		1
Operating lease liabilities		1
Total liabilities divested	\$	65

In connection with the sale, the Company and ASRC Federal entered into certain transition services agreements pursuant to which the Company will provide certain services through approximately the end of fiscal 2024 on a cost reimbursable basis to ASRC Federal. The transition services include certain IT, finance and other services necessary to support the transition of the sale.

Note 5—Goodwill and Intangible Assets:

Goodwill

Goodwill had a carrying value of \$2,851 million and \$2,911 million as of August 4, 2023 and February 3, 2023, respectively. Goodwill decreased \$60 million compared to February 3, 2023 due to the sale of the Supply Chain Business (see Note 4). There were no impairments of goodwill during the periods presented.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets, all of which were finite-lived, consisted of the following:

		gust 4, 2023			February 3, 2023							
	Gross carrying value				Net carrying value	Gr	oss carrying value		Accumulated amortization	Net carrying value		
	(in millions)				s)							
Customer relationships	\$ 1,462	\$	(518)	\$	944	\$	1,467	\$	(466) \$	1,001		
Developed technology	10		(3)		7		10		(2)	8		
Trade name	1		(1)		_		1		(1)			
Total intangible assets	\$ 1,473	\$	(522)	\$	951	\$	1,478	\$	(469) \$	1,009		

Amortization expense related to intangible assets was \$29 million and \$58 million for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively, and \$32 million and \$65 million for the three and six months ended July 29, 2022, respectively. There were no intangible asset impairment losses during the periods presented.

As of August 4, 2023, the estimated future annual amortization expense related to intangible assets is as follows:

Fiscal Year	(in millions)
Remainder of 2024	\$ 57
2025	115
2026	115
2027	115
2028	98
Thereafter	451
Total	\$ 951

Actual amortization expense in future periods could differ from these estimates as a result of future acquisitions, divestitures, impairments, and other factors.

Note 6—Income Taxes:

The Company's effective income tax rate was 26.4% and 24.7% for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively, and 21.8% and 21.9% for the three and six months ended July 29, 2022, respectively.

The Company's higher effective tax rate for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, compared to the same periods in the prior year, is primarily attributable to the gain from the disposition of the Supply Chain Business and the associated non-deductible goodwill, partially offset by higher tax benefits from stock-based compensation and the completion of a foreign-derived intangible income study.

Beginning in fiscal 2023, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA) removed the ability of taxpayers to immediately deduct specific research and development expenditures in the year incurred and instead requires taxpayers to capitalize and amortize such research expenditures over a period of five years.

As of August 4, 2023, the Company's unrecognized tax benefits were \$207 million, compared to \$156 million as of February 3, 2023. The increase during the six months ended August 4, 2023 is primarily attributable to research tax credits and capitalized research and development costs in accordance with the TCJA. This increase also resulted in a corresponding \$35 million increase to deferred tax assets.

As of August 4, 2023 and February 3, 2023, the net deferred tax asset balance was \$74 million and \$14 million, respectively, and is presented in other assets on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets.

Note 7—Debt Obligations:

The Company's long-term debt as of the dates presented was as follows:

			Au	gust 4, 20	23			February 3, 2023					
	Stated interest rate	Effective interest rate	fective debt nterest issuance		Unamorti: d issuai Principal co			Net					
							(dollars in	millio	ons)				
Term Loan A Facility due June 2027	6.42 %	6.54 %	\$	1,230	\$	(4)	\$ 1,226	\$	1,230	\$	(5)	\$	1,225
Term Loan B Facility due October 2025	7.29 %	7.50 %		424		(2)	422		488		(3)		485
Term Loan B2 Facility due March 2027	7.29 %	7.73 %		236		(3)	233		272		(4)		268
Senior Notes due April 2028	4.88 %	5.11 %		400		(4)	396		400		(4)		396
Total long-term debt			\$	2,290	\$	(13)	\$ 2,277	\$	2,390	\$	(16)	\$	2,374
Less current portion				62		_	62		31		_		31
Total long-term debt, net of current portion			\$	2,228	\$	(13)	\$ 2,215	\$	2,359	\$	(16)	\$	2,343

As of August 4, 2023, the Company has a \$2.9 billion secured credit facility (the Credit Facility) consisting of a Term Loan A Facility due June 2027, a Term Loan B Facility due October 2025, a Term Loan B2 Facility due March 2027 (together, the Term Loan Facilities), and a \$1.0 billion Revolving Credit Facility due June 2027 (the Revolving Credit Facility).

During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company made principal prepayments of \$64 million and \$36 million on the Term Loan B Facility due October 2025 and the Term Loan B2 Facility due March 2027, respectively. During the six months ended August 4, 2023, the Company borrowed and repaid \$160 million under the Revolving Credit Facility. There was no balance outstanding on the Revolving Credit Facility as of August 4, 2023. As of August 4, 2023, the Company was in compliance with the covenants under its Credit Facility.

As of August 4, 2023 and February 3, 2023, the carrying value of the Company's outstanding debt obligations approximated its fair value. The fair value of long-term debt is calculated using Level 2 inputs, based on interest rates available for debt with terms and maturities similar to the Company's Term Loan Facilities and Senior Notes.

Maturities of long-term debt as of August 4, 2023 are:

Fiscal Year	Total
	(in millions)
Remainder of 2024	\$ 31
2025	77
2026	532
2027	123
2028	1,127
Thereafter	400
Total principal payments	\$ 2,290

Note 8—Derivative Instruments Designated as Cash Flow Hedges:

The Company's derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedges consist of:

						Fair Value o	f Asset ⁽¹⁾ at		
		onal Amount Pay Fixed Igust 4, 2023 Rate		Receive Variable Rate	Settlement and Termination	August 4, 2023	February 3, 2023		
	(ir	n millions)				(in millions)			
Interest rate swaps #1	\$	685	2.96 %	Term SOFR	Monthly through October 31, 2025	\$ 23	\$ 16		
Interest rate swaps #2		450	2.36 %	Term SOFR	Monthly through October 31, 2023	3	9		
Total	\$	1,135				\$ 26	\$ 25		

⁽¹⁾ The fair value of the fixed interest rate swap asset is included in other assets on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets.

The Company is party to fixed interest rate swap instruments that are designated and accounted for as cash flow hedges to manage risks associated with interest rate fluctuations on a portion of the Company's floating rate debt. The counterparties to all swap agreements are financial institutions.

See Note 9 for the unrealized change in fair values on cash flow hedges recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) and the amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) into earnings for the current and comparative periods presented. The Company estimates that it will reclassify \$19 million of unrealized gains from accumulated other comprehensive income into earnings in the twelve months following August 4, 2023.

Note 9—Changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) by Component:

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) attributable to the Company's fixed interest rate swap cash flow hedges that are discussed in Note 8 and the Company's defined benefit plans.

	_	Unrealized Gains (Losses) on Fixed Interest Rate Swap Cash Flow Hedges ⁽¹⁾	Defined Benefit Obligation Adjustment	Total
			(in millions)	_
Three months ended August 4, 2023			(/	
Balance at May 5, 2023	\$	12	\$ 4	\$ 16
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		15	_	15
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		(6)	_	(6)
Income tax impact		(2)	_	(2)
Net other comprehensive income		7	_	7
Balance at August 4, 2023	\$	19	\$ 4	\$ 23
Three months ended July 29, 2022				
Balance at April 29, 2022	\$	(1)	\$ 1	\$ _
Other comprehensive loss before reclassifications	*	(8)	 	 (8)
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		4	_	4
Income tax impact		1	_	1
Net other comprehensive loss		(3)	_	(3)
Balance at July 29, 2022	\$	(4)	\$ 1	\$ (3)
Six months ended August 4, 2023				
Balance at February 3, 2023	\$	18	\$ 4	\$ 22
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications		13	_	13
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income		(12)	_	(12)
Income tax impact		_	_	_
Net other comprehensive income		1	_	1
Balance at August 4, 2023	\$	19	\$ 4	\$ 23
Six months ended July 29, 2022				
Balance at January 28, 2022	\$	(38)	\$ 1	\$ (37)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	•	34		34
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive loss		12	_	12
Income tax impact		(12)	_	(12)
Net other comprehensive income		34	_	34
Balance at July 29, 2022	\$	(4)	\$ 1	\$ (3)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • •

⁽¹⁾ The amount reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is included in interest expense.

Note 10—Sales of Receivables:

The Company has a Master Accounts Receivable Purchase Agreement (MARPA Facility) with MUFG Bank, Ltd. (the Purchaser) for the sale of up to a maximum amount of \$300 million of certain designated eligible receivables with the U.S. government.

During the six months ended August 4, 2023 and July 29, 2022, the Company incurred purchase discount fees of \$5 million and \$2 million, respectively, which are presented in other (income) expense, net on the condensed and consolidated statements of income and are reflected as cash flows from operating activities on the condensed and consolidated statements of cash flows.

MARPA Facility activity consisted of the following:

	Six Months Ended				
	August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022		
	(in m	illions)			
Beginning balance	\$ 250	\$	200		
Sale of receivables	1,425		2,010		
Cash collections	(1,425)		(1,950)		
Outstanding balance sold to Purchaser ⁽¹⁾	250		260		
Cash collected, not remitted to Purchaser ⁽²⁾	(25)		(29)		
Remaining sold receivables	\$ 225	\$	231		

- (1) For the six months ended August 4, 2023 there was no net impact to cash flows from operating activities from sold receivables. For the six months ended July 29, 2022, the Company recorded a net increase to cash flows from operating activities of \$60 million from sold receivables.
- (2) Primarily represents the cash collected on behalf of but not yet remitted to the Purchaser as of August 4, 2023 and July 29, 2022. This balance is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the condensed and consolidated balance sheets.

Note 11—Legal Proceedings and Other Commitments and Contingencies:

Legal Proceedings

The Company is involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal conduct of its business, none of which the Company's management believes, based on current information, is expected to have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

A vendor used by the Company to audit employee retirement benefits confirmed to the Company on August 4, 2023, that it had experienced a cybersecurity incident related to MOVEit software, a commonly used secure file transfer application. The vendor indicated that the incident may have resulted in the personal information of certain employees and former employees of the Company being accessed by an unauthorized third party. The vendor and the Company have conducted a review of the incident and the vendor has undertaken remedial measures including credit monitoring at its expense. At this time, the Company has not experienced and does not anticipate any material impact on its ongoing operations, financial condition or results of operations as a direct result of this incident. This disclosure should be read in conjunction with "Risk Factors" in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

In April 2022, the Company received a Federal Grand Jury Subpoena in connection with a criminal investigation being conducted by the U.S. Department of Justice, Antitrust Division (DOJ). As required by the subpoena, the Company has provided the DOJ with a broad range of documents related to the investigation, and the Company's collection and production process remains ongoing. The Company is fully cooperating with the investigation. At this time, it is not possible to determine whether the Company will incur, or to reasonably estimate the amount of, any fines, penalties or further liabilities in connection with the investigation pursuant to which the subpoena was issued.

AAV Termination for Convenience

On August 27, 2018, the Company received a stop-work order from the United States Marine Corps on the Assault Amphibious Vehicle (AAV) contract and on October 3, 2018 the program was terminated for convenience by the customer. The Company is continuing to negotiate with the Marine Corps to recover costs associated with the termination.

Government Investigations, Audits and Reviews

The Company is routinely subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations with respect, in particular, to its role as a contractor to federal, state and local government customers and in connection with performing services in countries outside of the United States. U.S. government agencies, including the Defense Contract Audit Agency (DCAA), the Defense Contract Management Agency and others, routinely audit and review a contractor's performance on government contracts, indirect rates and pricing practices, and compliance with applicable contracting and procurement laws, regulations and standards. They also review the adequacy of the contractor's compliance with government standards for its business systems. Adverse findings in these investigations, audits, or reviews can lead to criminal, civil or administrative proceedings, and the Company could face disallowance of previously billed costs, penalties, fines, compensatory damages and suspension or debarment from doing business with governmental agencies. Due to the Company's reliance on government contracts, adverse findings could also have a material impact on the Company's business, including its financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

The indirect cost audits by the DCAA of the Company's business remain open for certain prior years and the current year. Although the Company has recorded contract revenues based on an estimate of costs that the Company believes will be approved on final audit, the Company does not know the outcome of any ongoing or future audits. If future completed audit adjustments exceed the Company's reserves for potential adjustments, the Company's profitability could be materially adversely affected.

As of August 4, 2023, the Company believes it has adequately reserved for estimated net amounts to be refunded to customers for potential adjustments for indirect cost audits and compliance with U.S. government Cost Accounting Standards.

Letters of Credit and Surety Bonds

The Company has outstanding obligations relating to letters of credit of \$9 million as of August 4, 2023, principally related to guarantees on insurance policies. The Company also has outstanding obligations relating to surety bonds of \$19 million, principally related to performance and payment bonds on the Company's contracts.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations and quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk should be read in conjunction with our unaudited condensed and consolidated financial statements and the related notes. It contains forward-looking statements (which may be identified by words such as those described in "Risk Factors—Forward-Looking Statement Risks" in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K), including statements regarding our intent, belief, or current expectations with respect to, among other things, trends affecting our financial condition or results of operations (including our financial targets discussed below under "Management of Operating Performance and Reporting" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources"); backlog; our industry; government budgets and spending; market opportunities; the impact of competition; and the impact of acquisitions and divestitures. Such statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. Risks, uncertainties and assumptions that could cause or contribute to these differences include those discussed below, in "Risk Factors" in Part II of this report and in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K. Due to such risks, uncertainties and assumptions, you are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date hereof. We do not undertake any obligation to update these factors or to publicly announce the results of any changes to our forward-looking statements due to future results or developments.

We use the terms "SAIC," the "Company," "we," "us" and "our" to refer to Science Applications International Corporation and its consolidated subsidiaries.

The Company utilizes a 52/53 week fiscal year, ending on the Friday closest to January 31, with fiscal quarters typically consisting of 13 weeks. Fiscal 2024 began on February 4, 2023 and ends on February 2, 2024, while fiscal 2023 began on January 29, 2022 and ended on February 3, 2023.

Business Overview

We are a leading technology integrator providing full life cycle services and solutions in the technical, engineering and enterprise information technology (IT) markets. We developed our brand by addressing our customers' mission critical needs and solving their most complex problems for over 50 years. As one of the largest pure-play technology service providers to the U.S. government, we serve markets of significant scale and opportunity. Our primary customers are the departments and agencies of the U.S. government. We serve our customers through approximately 1,900 active contracts and task orders and employ approximately 24,000 individuals who are led by an experienced executive team of proven industry leaders. Our long history of serving the U.S. government has afforded us the ability to develop strong and longstanding relationships with some of the largest customers in the markets we serve. Substantially all of our revenues and tangible long-lived assets are generated and located in the United States.

Economic Opportunities, Challenges, and Risks

During the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, we generated 98% of our revenues from contracts with the U.S. government, including subcontracts on which we perform. Our business performance is affected by the overall level of U.S. government spending and the alignment of our offerings and capabilities with the budget priorities of the U.S. government. Appropriations measures passed in December 2022 provided full funding for the federal government through the end of government fiscal year (GFY) 2023. Delayed passage of appropriations for GFY 2024 funding could result in the U.S. government operating on one or more continuing resolutions and/or could potentially lead to a partial or full government shutdown. In January 2023, the Federal debt ceiling was reached and the U.S. Department of the Treasury was operating under "extraordinary measures." In June 2023, the President signed the Fiscal Responsibility Act of 2023 which suspends the Federal debt ceiling until January 1, 2025, postponing the threat of a federal government default.

Adverse changes in fiscal and economic conditions could materially impact our business. Some changes that could have an adverse impact on our business include adverse regulations, the implementation of future spending reductions (including sequestration), delayed passage of appropriations bills resulting in temporary or full-year continuing resolutions, extreme inflationary increases adversely impacting fixed price contracts, and potential government shutdowns.

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION

Spending packages, including the infrastructure bill, Inflation Reduction Act, and CHIPS and Science Act, as well as future potential spending packages, may provide additional opportunity in areas of SAIC focus such as digital modernization, cyber, microelectronics support, and climate resiliency.

The U.S. government has increasingly relied on contracts that are subject to a competitive bidding process (including indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity (IDIQ), U.S. General Services Administration (GSA) schedules, and other multi-award contracts), which has resulted in greater competition and increased pricing pressure. Additionally, the U.S. government has put renewed emphasis on increasing the number of small business prime set-aside contracts that further reduce the addressable market in some areas.

Despite the budget and competitive pressures affecting the industry, we believe we are well-positioned to protect and expand existing customer relationships and benefit from opportunities that we have not previously pursued. Our scale, size, and prime contractor leadership position are expected to help differentiate us from our competitors, especially on large contract opportunities. We believe our long-term, trusted customer relationships and deep technical expertise provide us with the sophistication to handle highly complex, mission-critical contracts. Our value proposition is found in the proven ability to serve as a trusted adviser to our customers. In doing so, we leverage our expertise and scale to help them execute their mission.

We succeed as a business based on the solutions we deliver, our past performance, and our ability to compete on price. Our solutions are inspired through innovation based on adoption of best practices and technology integration of the best capabilities available. Our past performance was achieved by employees dedicated to supporting our customers' most challenging missions. Our current cost structure and ongoing efforts to reduce costs by strategic sourcing and developing repeatable offerings sold "as a service" and as managed services in a more commercial business model are expected to allow us to compete effectively on price in an evolving environment. We believe that our ability to be competitive in the future will continue to be driven by our reputation for successful program execution, competitive cost structure, development of new pricing and business models, and efficiencies in assigning the right people, at the right time, in support of our contracts.

Management of Operating Performance and Reporting

Our business and program management process is directed by professionals focused on serving our customers by providing high quality services in achieving program requirements. These professionals carefully monitor contract margin performance by constantly evaluating contract risks and opportunities. Throughout each contract's life cycle, program managers review performance and update contract performance estimates to reflect their understanding of the best information available.

We evaluate our results of operations by considering the drivers causing changes in revenues, operating income and operating cash flows. Given that revenues fluctuate on our contract portfolio over time due to contract awards and completions, changes in customer requirements, and increases or decreases in ordering volume of materials, we evaluate significant trends and fluctuations resulting from these factors. Whether performed by our employees or by our subcontractors, we primarily provide services and, as a result, our cost of revenues are predominantly variable. We also analyze our cost mix (labor, subcontractor and materials) in order to understand operating margin because programs with a higher proportion of SAIC labor are generally more profitable. Changes in cost of revenues as a percentage of revenues other than from revenue volume or cost mix are normally driven by fluctuations in shared or corporate costs, or cumulative revenue adjustments due to changes in estimates.

Changes in operating cash flows are described with regard to changes in cash generated through the providing of services, significant drivers of fluctuations in assets or liabilities and the impacts of changes in timing of cash receipts or disbursements.

Results of Operations

The primary financial performance measures we use to manage our business and monitor results of operations are revenues, operating income, and cash flows from operating activities. The following table summarizes our results of operations:

	Thre	ee Months End	ed			Six Months Ended					
	August 4, 2023	Percent change		July 29, 2022		August 4, 2023	Percent change	July 29, 2022			
				(dollars	in millio	ons)					
Revenues	\$ 1,784	(3 %)	\$	1,831	\$	3,812	—% \$	3,827			
Cost of revenues	1,568	(3 %)		1,612		3,361	(1 %)	3,382			
As a percentage of revenues	87.9 %			88.0 %		88.2 %		88.4 %			
Selling, general and administrative expenses	88	(5 %)		93		172	(7 %)	185			
Acquisition and integration costs	1	— %		1		1	(90 %)	10			
Other operating income	(235)	100 %		_		(241)	100 %	_			
Operating income	362	190 %		125		519	108 %	250			
As a percentage of revenues	20.3 %			6.8 %		13.6 %		6.5 %			
Net income attributable to common stockholders	\$ 247	238 %	\$	73	\$	345	136 % \$	146			
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 150	6 %	\$	141	\$	232	(10 %) \$	259			

Revenues. Revenues decreased \$47 million for the three months ended August 4, 2023 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$149 million) and the deconsolidation of FSA (\$34 million) (see Note 4 for additional information), and contract completions, partially offset by ramp up on existing and new contracts. Adjusting for the impact of the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business and the deconsolidation of FSA, revenues grew 8.3%.

Revenues decreased \$15 million for the six months ended August 4, 2023 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$149 million), the deconsolidation of FSA (\$71 million), and contract completions, partially offset by ramp up on existing and new contracts. Adjusting for the impact of the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business and the deconsolidation of FSA, revenues grew 5.7%.

Cost of Revenues. Cost of revenues decreased \$44 million for the three months ended August 4, 2023 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the sale of the Supply Chain Business (\$138 million) and the deconsolidation of FSA (\$32 million), partially offset by ramp up on new and existing contracts.

Cost of revenues decreased \$21 million for the six months ended August 4, 2023 as compared to the same period in the prior year primarily due to the sale of the Supply Chain business (\$138 million) and the deconsolidation of FSA (\$65 million), partially offset by ramp up on new and existing contracts.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses (SG&A). SG&A decreased \$5 million and \$13 million for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023, respectively, as compared to the same periods in the prior year primarily due to lower indirect costs and intangible asset amortization.

Operating Income. Operating income as a percentage of revenues for the three months ended August 4, 2023 increased from the comparable prior year period primarily due to the gain recognized from the sale of the Supply Chain Business, improved profitability across our contract portfolio, and lower indirect costs.

Operating income as a percentage of revenues increased for the six months ended August 4, 2023 from the comparable prior year period primarily due to a \$233 million gain recognized from the sale of the Supply Chain Business, a \$7 million gain recognized from the deconsolidation of FSA, improved profitability across our contract portfolio, and lower indirect costs.

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities. Net cash provided by operating activities decreased \$27 million for the six months ended August 4, 2023 as compared to the prior year primarily due to higher cash provided by the MARPA Facility in the prior year and higher tax payments in the current year, partially offset by other changes in working capital.

Non-GAAP Measures

Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) and adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures. While we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures are useful for management and investors in evaluating our financial information, they should be considered as supplemental in nature and not as a substitute for financial information prepared in accordance with GAAP. Reconciliations, definitions, and how we believe these measures are useful to management and investors are provided below. Other companies may define similar measures differently.

EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA. The performance measure EBITDA is calculated by taking net income and excluding interest and loss on sale of receivables, provision for income taxes, and depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is a performance measure that excludes the impact of non-recurring transactions that we do not consider to be indicative of our ongoing performance. Adjusted EBITDA is calculated by taking EBITDA and excluding acquisition and integration costs, impairments, restructuring costs, and any other material non-recurring items. Integration costs are costs to integrate acquired companies including costs of strategic consulting services, facility consolidation and employee related costs such as retention and severance costs. The acquisition and integration costs relate to the Company's acquisitions.

We believe that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA provide management and investors with useful information in assessing trends in our ongoing operating performance and may provide greater visibility in understanding the long-term financial performance of the Company.

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA for the periods presented were calculated as follows:

	 Three Months	s Ended	Six Months Ended			
	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022	August 4, 2023		July 29, 2022	
	(dollars in m	illions)				
Net income	\$ 247 \$	74	\$ 345	\$	148	
Interest expense and loss on sale of receivables	35	31	71		59	
Interest income	(4)	_	(5)		_	
Provision for income taxes	88	21	113		42	
Depreciation and amortization	36	40	72		81	
EBITDA	402	166	596		330	
EBITDA as a percentage of revenues	22.5 %	9.1 %	15.6 %		8.6 %	
Acquisition and integration costs	1	1	1		10	
Restructuring and impairment costs	5	2	6		2	
Recovery of acquisition and integration costs and restructuring and impairment costs ⁽¹⁾	_	(3)	_		(3)	
Gain on divestitures, net of transaction costs	(234)	_	(240)		_	
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 174 \$	166	\$ 363	\$	339	
Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues	9.8 %	9.1 %	9.5 %		8.9 %	

⁽¹⁾ Adjustment reflects the portion of acquisition and integration costs and restructuring and impairment costs recovered through the Company's indirect rates in accordance with U.S. government Cost Accounting Standards.

Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of revenues for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023 increased to 9.8% from 9.1% and increased to 9.5% from 8.9% for the same periods in the prior year, respectively, primarily due to improved profitability across our contract portfolio and lower indirect costs.

Other Key Performance Measures

In addition to the financial measures described above, we believe that bookings and backlog are useful measures for management and investors to evaluate our potential future revenues. We also consider measures such as contract types and cost of revenues mix to be useful for management and investors to evaluate our operating income and performance.

Net Bookings and Backlog. Net bookings represent the estimated amount of revenues to be earned in the future from funded and negotiated unfunded contract awards that were received during the period, net of adjustments to estimates on previously awarded contracts. We calculate net bookings as the period's ending backlog plus the period's revenues less the prior period's ending backlog and initial backlog obtained through acquisitions.

Backlog represents the estimated amount of future revenues to be recognized under negotiated contracts as work is performed. We do not include in backlog estimates of revenues to be derived from IDIQ contracts, but rather record backlog and bookings when task orders are awarded on these contracts. Given that much of our revenue is derived from IDIQ contract task orders that renew annually, bookings on these contracts tend to refresh annually as the task orders are renewed. Additionally, we do not include in backlog contract awards that are under protest until the protest is resolved in our favor.

We segregate our backlog into two categories as follows:

- Funded Backlog. Funded backlog for contracts with government agencies primarily represents estimated amounts of revenue to be earned in the future from contracts for which funding is appropriated less revenues previously recognized on these contracts. It does not include the unfunded portion of contracts in which funding is incrementally appropriated or authorized on a quarterly or annual basis by the U.S. government and other customers even though the contract may call for performance over a number of years. Funded backlog for contracts with non-government customers represents the estimated value on contracts, which may cover multiple future years, under which we are obligated to perform, less revenues previously recognized on these contracts.
- Negotiated Unfunded Backlog. Negotiated unfunded backlog represents estimated amounts of revenue to be earned in the future from negotiated contracts for which funding has not been appropriated or otherwise authorized and from unexercised priced contract options. Negotiated unfunded backlog does not include any estimate of future potential task orders expected to be awarded under IDIQ, GSA Schedules or other master agreement contract vehicles, with the exception of certain IDIQ contracts where task orders are not competitively awarded and separately priced but instead are used as a funding mechanism, and where there is a basis for estimating future revenues and funding on future anticipated task orders.

We expect to recognize revenue from a substantial portion of our funded backlog within the next twelve months. However, the U.S. government can adjust the scope of services of or cancel contracts at any time. Similarly, certain contracts with commercial customers include provisions that allow the customer to cancel prior to contract completion. Most of our contracts have cancellation terms that would permit us to recover all or a portion of our incurred costs and fees (contract profit) for work performed.

The estimated value of our total backlog as of the dates presented was:

	August 4, 2023		February 3, 2023
	(in mi	illions)	
Funded backlog	\$ 3,716	\$	3,554
Negotiated unfunded backlog	18,808		20,248
Total backlog	\$ 22,524	\$	23,802

We had net bookings worth an estimated \$0.7 billion and \$2.7 billion during the three and six months ended August 4, 2023.

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Contract Types. Our earnings and profitability may vary materially depending on changes in the proportionate amount of revenues derived from each type of contract. For a discussion of the types of contracts under which we generate revenues, see "Contract Types" in Part I of the most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K. The following table summarizes revenues by contract type as a percentage of revenues for the periods presented:

	Six Months E	nded
	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022
Cost reimbursement	58 %	56 %
Time and materials (T&M)	19 %	18 %
Firm-fixed price (FFP)	23 %	26 %
Total	100 %	100 %

The change in contract mix for the six months ended August 4, 2023 reflects a decrease in firm-fixed price type contracts due to the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business which historically had a higher proportion of these contracts.

Cost of Revenues Mix. We generate revenues by providing a customized mix of services to our customers. The profit generated from our service contracts is affected by the proportion of cost of revenues incurred from the efforts of our employees (which we refer to below as labor-related cost of revenues), the efforts of our subcontractors and the cost of materials used in the performance of our service obligations under our contracts. Contracts performed with a higher proportion of SAIC labor are generally more profitable. The following table presents cost mix for the periods presented:

	Three Mon	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended		
	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022	August 4, 2023	July 29, 2022		
		(as a % of total cost of revenues)				
Labor-related cost of revenues	56 %	53 %	54 %	54 %		
Subcontractor-related cost of revenues	32 %	30 %	30 %	29 %		
Supply chain materials-related cost of revenues	- %	7 %	4 %	7 %		
Other materials-related cost of revenues	12 %	10 %	12 %	10 %		
Total	100 %	100 %	100 %	100 %		

The change in cost of revenues mix for the three and six months ended August 4, 2023 reflects a decrease in supply chain materials-related costs due to the divestiture of the Supply Chain Business.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As a services provider, our business generally requires minimal infrastructure investment. We expect to fund our ongoing working capital, commitments and any other discretionary investments with cash on hand, future operating cash flows and, if needed, borrowings under our \$1.0 billion Revolving Credit Facility and \$300 million MARPA Facility.

We anticipate that our future cash needs will be for working capital, capital expenditures, and contractual and other commitments. We consider various financial measures when we develop and update our capital deployment strategy, which include evaluating cash provided by operating activities, free cash flow and financial leverage. When our cash generation enables us to exceed our target average minimum cash balance, we intend to deploy excess cash through dividends, share repurchases, debt prepayments or strategic acquisitions.

Our ability to fund these needs will depend, in part, on our ability to generate cash in the future, which depends on our future financial results. Our future results are subject to general economic, financial, competitive, legislative and regulatory factors that may be outside of our direct control. Although we believe that the financing arrangements in place will permit us to finance our operations on acceptable terms and conditions for at least the next year, our future access to, and the availability of financing on acceptable terms and conditions will be impacted by many factors (including our credit rating, capital market liquidity and overall economic conditions). Therefore, we cannot ensure that such financing will be available to us on acceptable terms or that such financing will be available at all. Nevertheless, we believe that our existing cash on hand, generation of future operating cash flows, and access to bank financing and capital markets will provide adequate resources to meet our short-term liquidity and long-term capital needs.

Beginning in fiscal 2023, the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 requires the capitalization of research and development costs for tax purposes and requires taxpayers to amortize such expenditures over five years. We estimate that our income taxes payable for fiscal 2024 will increase by approximately \$76 million as a result of this provision, offset by a corresponding deferred tax asset. The actual impact will depend on the amount of research and development costs incurred by the Company, whether the U.S. Congress modifies, or repeals this provision and whether new guidance and interpretive rules are issued by the U.S. Treasury, among other factors.

Historical Cash Flow Trends

The following table summarizes our cash flows:

	Six Months Ended			
	August 4, 2023			July 29, 2022
		(in m	illions)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	232	\$	259
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		334		(17)
Net cash used in financing activities		(323)		(249)
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$	243	\$	(7)

Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities. Refer to "Results of Operations" above for a discussion of the changes in cash provided by operating activities between the six months ended August 4, 2023 and the comparable prior year period.

Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities. Cash provided by investing activities for the six months ended August 4, 2023 was \$334 million compared to cash used in investing activities of \$17 million in the prior year period. This change is primarily due to the \$355 million of cash proceeds for the sale of the Supply Chain Business (see Note 4 to the condensed and consolidated financial statements).

Net Cash Used in Financing Activities. Cash used in financing activities for the six months ended August 4, 2023 increased compared to the prior year period due to higher share repurchases and higher term loan principal payments compared to the prior year period.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

There have been no changes to our critical accounting policies and estimates during the six months ended August 4, 2023 from those disclosed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Recently Issued But Not Yet Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

For information on recently issued but not yet adopted accounting pronouncements, see Note 1 to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

There have been no material changes to our market risks from those discussed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Our management, with the participation of our Chief Executive Officer and our Chief Financial Officer, have evaluated the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) and have concluded that as of August 4, 2023 these controls and procedures were operating and effective.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarterly period covered by this report that materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

We have provided information about legal proceedings in which we are involved in our fiscal 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and we have provided an update to this information in Note 11 to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report, which is incorporated herein by reference.

In addition to the described legal proceedings, we are routinely subject to investigations and reviews relating to compliance with various laws and regulations. Additional information regarding such investigations and reviews is included in our fiscal 2023 Annual Report on Form 10-K, and we have also updated this information in Note 11 to the condensed and consolidated financial statements contained within this report, under the heading "Government Investigations, Audits and Reviews," which is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been no material changes from the risk factors disclosed in our most recently filed Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Purchases of Equity Securities. We may repurchase shares on the open market in accordance with established repurchase plans. Whether repurchases are made and the timing and amount of repurchases depend on a variety of factors including market conditions, our capital position, internal cash generation and other factors. We also repurchase shares in connection with stock option and stock award activities to satisfy tax withholding obligations.

The following table presents repurchases of our common stock during the three months ended August 4, 2023:

Period ⁽¹⁾	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased ⁽²⁾	Average Price Paid per Share (or Unit)	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	Maximum Number of Shares (or Units) that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs ⁽³⁾
May 6, 2023 - June 9, 2023	446,227	\$ 99.61	446,227	6,282,675
June 10, 2023 - July 7, 2023	269,209	109.71	269,209	6,013,466
July 8, 2023 - August 4, 2023	223,238	117.68	223,238	5,790,228
Total	938,674	\$ 106.80	938,674	

- 1) Date ranges represent our fiscal periods during the current quarter. Our fiscal quarters typically consist of one five-week period and two four-week periods.
- (2) Includes shares purchased on surrender by stockholders of previously owned shares to satisfy minimum statutory tax withholding obligations related to stock option exercises and vesting of stock awards in addition to shares purchased under our publicly announced plans or programs.
- (3) In June 2022, the number of shares that may be purchased increased by 8.0 million shares, bringing the total authorized shares to be repurchased under the plan to approximately 24.4 million shares. As of August 4, 2023, we have repurchased approximately 18.7 million shares of common stock under the program.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

No information is required in response to this item.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

No information is required in response to this item.

Item 5. Other Information

During the three months ended August 4, 2023, no director or officer of the Company adopted or terminated a "Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement" or a "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement," as such terms are defined in Item 408 of Regulation S-K.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
<u>10.1</u> *	Science Applications International Corporation 2023 Equity Incentive Plan, effective June 7, 2023. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (File No. 333-272484) as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on June 7, 2023.
<u>10.2</u> *	Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement of the Science Applications International Corporation 2023 Equity Incentive Plan. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 13, 2023.
<u>10.3</u> *	Form of Performance Stock Unit Award Agreement of the Science Applications International Corporation 2023 Equity Incentive Plan. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 13, 2023.
<u>10.4</u> *	Science Applications International Corporation Amended and Restated 2013 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, effective June 7, 2023. Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the SEC on June 13, 2023.
<u>31.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
31.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
<u>32.1</u>	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
32.2	Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
101	Interactive Data File. The instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document.
104	The cover page from this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, formatted as Inline XBRL.
*	Management contract or compensatory plan or agreement.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Date: September 7, 2023

Science Applications International Corporation

/s/ Prabu Natarajan

Prabu Natarajan Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Nazzic S. Keene, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 4, 2023 of Science Applications International Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: September 7, 2023

/s/ Nazzic S. Keene
Nazzic S. Keene
Chief Executive Officer

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Prabu Natarajan, certify that:

- I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 4, 2023 of Science Applications International Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: September 7, 2023

/s/ Prabu Natarajan
Prabu Natarajan
Chief Financial Officer

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Science Applications International Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 4, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Nazzic S. Keene, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: September 7, 2023

/s/ Nazzic S. Keene
Nazzic S. Keene
Chief Executive Officer

SCIENCE APPLICATIONS INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Science Applications International Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended August 4, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Prabu Natarajan, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: September 7, 2023

	/s/ Prabu Natarajan			
Prabu Natarajan				
Chief Financial Officer				